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## CONTENTS

#### IN THE MAGAZINE

How to use your disk

The latest news from the world of Commodore

The Yanks are coming Why have US software giants moved to the UK?

Rook Review

We take a look at a new disk handbook Disk Alignment Problems with your drives? Maybe this can help

Wm a complete set of the Ultima Senes Comics

A look at a fun new import from US Gold Mending Your Disks

Compunent Culture

A close look at what compunet offers - plus details on the free software

A look at some of the falest disk based games

#### ON THE DISK

Tidy up your disks with this combined editor and designer

Text Enhancer Improve your text displays

Have you got what it lakes to be a ruthless gangster?

3 INTO 1 PLUS A superb character, sonte and background editor

All the thrills of the slopes with this game

Sprite Printer

Dump your lavounte spirtes onto your CBM printer

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Company expressed in reviews are the company of the reviewers and not

Disk Dungeons

Readers Survey

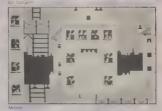
12

36

A regular delve into adventure games

Vamber 1 /December 1





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## WELCOME

A very warm welcome to the very first issue of Commodore Disk User - the very latest in computer managines

No more doring pages of listings, no more tired typist's fingers, no more SYNTAX ERROR messages at three o clock in the morning, all of

our programs are on the disk! This first issue of Commodore Disk User is packed full of programs to suit all Commodore 64 and 128 owners. Those with an artistic born can take pleasure with the superb 3 INTO 1 PLUS sprite, Character and background editor as well as play with the drawing package, one

People who feel happier with a joystick in

their hand rather than a paintbrush will no doubt enjoy the challenge that our Ski Run program provides, while those who prefer to think a little more about their games can have a go at running a gangster organisation with Mobister

As well as the above and many other programs. Commodore Disk User is also packed full of the latest news, disk based games reviews, programming hints and much more With the readers survey in this issue you even get a chance to tell us what you'd like to see in the magazine!

## DISK INSTRUCTIONS

We have done our best to make sure that Commodore Disk Liser will be compatible with all versions of the C64 and C128 computers and their associated disk drivers.

Getting the programs up and running should not present you with any difficulties at all, simply put your disk in the drive and enter the following command:

LOAD 'MENU' .8.1

Once the disk menu has loaded you will be able to start any of the programs simply by pressing the letter that is to the left of the program that you want to use

C128 users piease note that you should be in C64 mode when using the disk. You can enter C64 mode by either

 Holding down the Commodore key (dottom left of the keyboard) when turning the computer on or,

ii) After turning the computer on type G064 and answer "Y" when prompted "ARE YOU SURE?"

It is possible for some programs to alter the computer's memory so that you will not be able to LOAD programs from the menu correctly until you reset the machine. We therefore suggest that you turn your computer off and then on before loading each program.

Copyling the programs

The disk is not protected in any way so you can copy the programs onto your own disk should you wish. A file copier, that to our knowledge will work with all drives, is included on the disk for this purpose. All of the programs can be loaded independently of the. menu by following the instructions with the

We would stress that you should only copy the programs on the disk for your own use After ail, we don't want to have to start protecting them.

Reading the directory

Should you examine the directory of Commodore Disk User you will see that there are two files present on the disk. The first are the PRG files. These are the actual programs that are on the disk. These cont type of file is as the USR file. This file is only used as a comment or separator on the directory. Issting and cannot be loaded.

A USR file of a solid line is used to separate each of the programs if you're copying programs onto your own disk then make sure that all inecessary pairs are copied over For example if you take a look at the directory you will see that there are two parts to the Mooster program.

#### Disk Problems

Should you have problems loading any of the programs on the disk DO NOT return them to the editional office. All faulty disks shoulld be returned to

Commodore Disk User Vol 1 No 1 Returns

Disk Copy Labs 20 Osyth Close Brackmills industrial Estate Northampton NN4 ODY

and a replacement disk will be sent to you Note. Do not return the magazine



#### Weil waggled

Konix has announced the final winner of the company's Speed King joystick waggle competition. He is Maris Geert of Belgium, who has been presented with the top prize of £100 Maris guessed that a Speed King Jovstick would last 643 hours of solid waggling. In fact he was extremely close - it survived 652 hours. with a total of 17,604,000 waggles

Guesses by other competitors ranged from a pessimistic 14 minutes to a wholly unrealistic B years. The Speed King is produced by Konix Computer Products. Linit 13. Sirhowy Hill Industrial Estate. Tredegar, Gwent NP2 4OZ Tel (049525)

#### Bargain business bundie

Electric Distribution, the European publisher of Timeworks software has announced a special bundling deal on packages for the C64 and 128.

Each bundle consists of Word Writer 3. a word processor. Data Manager 2, a database almed at report writers, and the spreadsheet Swiftcalc. Also included in the puce is Softline. Electric's software support service

The lour items, if bought individually, would cost £149 for the C64 and £229 for the 128 Electric is offering them at £99gn either computer Fol further information contact Electric Distribution at 8 Green Street Willingham, Cambridge CB4 SJA Tel (0954) 61258

release of a new flightsim. Chuck Yeager's Advanced Flight Trainer, who is the consultant for the program, was responsible for flying place, the Bell X-19, back in the 1960s, and was featured in the recent film, The Right Stuff

In producing Advanced Flight Trainer, he worked closely with software aitist Ned Leiner program uses a super-fast frame-rate to give the feeling of math-speed flight It features three levels of onscieen instruction from Yeager The first teaches basic flying slolls like takeolls and landings, while the second goes on to advanced maneouvres like alleron rolls and

By the third level, the simulator teaches acrobatic stunts, and the player can go on to the Formation Flying Feature, which means lollowing Yeager's lead through

obstacle courses and 3-D terrain A students to create and store their own stunt flying patterns

A Test Pilot option offers a selection of 14 different allicraft to check out, using actual test pllot aucraft evaluation charts. You can simulate the day on which Yaegei himself broke the sound barrier in the X-1, or opt for historic aircraft like the Sopwith Camel Spad and Mustano Modern planes such as the highaltitude SR-71, F-16, and F-18 are also selectable. Finally there is a racing option with six different racecourses Chuck Yeager's Advanced Flight Trainer is available on disk for £16.95 Electronic Arts is based at the Langley Business Centre, 11-49 Station Road Langley, Nr. Slough, Berkshire SL3



#### SSi Strikes Gold Strategic Simulations Inc has made a two-

way deal with US Gold to market a range of role-playing games instated by TSR, the firm responsible for the original Dungeons & Dragons, which is enjoying an enormous boom in popularity on both sides of the Atlantic

No less than six arcade and role-playing disk-priented games will be released in Easter 1988, with the full backing and expertise of TSR behind them. While SSI will be cooperating with TSR in the States and will be relying on US Gold to market. its product over here, the UK company will be cooking up its own programs which will be marketed by SSI in the

A futuristic role-playing game will be the first UK-pinginated game ever to be rarely seen opportunities for UK designers to break into the US market. US Gold has described it as "the licence deal of the decade. US Gold is based at Units 2/3 Holford Way, Holford, Birmingham B6 7ZX, tel 021-356-3388.

# N WS NEWS NEWS

#### Commodore kicks off

the needy cause of English lookball. The

team will carry the Commodore logo on

British sport so lar. The logo will also be displayed around the home ground

As well as the advertising, Commodore dealers will be taking advantage of the tie-up through various ptomolronal opirors. Commodate has also sponsored. Dynamo Kiev and has backed the first Recks \$1.6 7XA Tel /0428 770099

New life for the C64

board housed in the old C64 case, as



#### Fonts upon a time

blackl, superscripts, and three text

Audiogenic's new innings Audiogenic has produced a successor to Graham Gooch's Test Cricket The new program is an international version, called Graham Goorth's All-Stat Ctrcket All-Star Crickel lets you choose your

teams from England, Australia, New Zealand India, Pakistan Sir Lanka and the West indies, and set up their batting and bowling average. The game includes all the features of real cricket such as runouts, dropped catches, wides, bouricers, full tosses retired and hurt players. speech Action replays will be provided on

Graham Goodh's All-Star Cricket is avariable on the C64/128 and costs £11.95 for the disk version. It is produced by London Road, Reading, RGI 6AZ, Tel

## Computer Scrabble

At first sight, it would appear to be a rather futile exercise converting board games to a computersed medium. After all, half the fun is in watching your opponent squirm or chattering away about assorted generalities. something that tends to fly our of the window when you are all hunched up in front of a small

But there are advantages too. The obvious one is that there is no-one else to play against just when you fancy a game Secondly, there is the problem of differences in skill levels, especially in a game like Scrabole. The game becomes meaningless if one player has a much larger vocabulary than the others or is better at solving anagrams. Then there are all the problems about which would are allowed and which dictionary should be used

Enter, then, Computer Scrabble Deluxe from Leisure Genlus. You can play against up to three opponents of either the human or computer variety. If you select a computer opponent, you can then choose from up to eight skill levels. As a rough guide, a level one opponent will score about 150 during the course of a game white level 8 will amass

roughly 350 points

The computer boasts a vocabulary of some twenty thousand words. These are subdivided into two sections with more obscure words coming into play if you are on levels 5-8. This is a rice touch and works well as it means that beginners are not constantly rushing to their dictionaries to check if the computer is

Twenty thousand words sounds like an awful for but if has its limitations. For example, the average Commodore Disk User reader will have a vocabulary of some twenty-five thousand words. Obviously, there are going to be some words that you input that the computer does not know it will then challenge you and rely on your honesty to say whether or not you are cheating although I can't see many people putting down a word, being successfully challenged and then taking it up again

By and large, the computer's vocabulary works well The only reasonably common words that I came across that it did not 'know' were porone and adze. One levels 5-8, the sort of words that it will use against you are all those tricky little two and three letter words that are so useful when it comes to finding places to attach much longer and higher scoring words

Examples of words that it will accept are 'yu, hain, jo, ou, nye, oe and uva' The only one of these that I wasn't too happy about was nye which is obsolete and, depending on which version of rules you are playing to, is not acceptable. All the words used by the program are in Chambers 20th Century Dictionary, the one used for official Scrabble tournaments and very highly recommended if you are looking for a quality dictionary

The computer plays a canny game strategy-wise It will not open the board up for

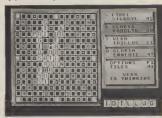
you unnecessanly. Nor will it always make the highest scoring move available to it. If arrythmo, on higher levels, Jt tends to close the board down as much as possible. This makes it ideal for using all those tricky little two and

Presentation wise, the game is something of a curate's egg- good in parts. The board itself looks drab and colourless and full of strange little symbols to denote the bonus squares rather than the traditional colour coding

Before you start playing, you can choose from a variety of opnors. You can decide to have no time limit on thinking between moves or can set a clock anywhere between ten seconds and ten minutes. You can opt to see all rhe racks or keep them hidden and can watch the computer 'thinking' if you want to

Placing your tiles involves entening your word and then moving a cursor to indicate where you want it to start from You can juggle the letters on your rack - a boon if you are hopeless at anagrams and can even ask for a hint if you are really stuck Partially completed games can be saved and resumed at a later date

I started reviewing this game convinced that I wouldn't like it but I have to confess that I was very pleasantly surprised by the standard of the challenge that it set me. I felt that its presentation could have been improved somewhat and would only use it if there was no-one else around to give me a reasonable game Thar apart, Computer Scrabble comes highly recommended by me



#### AT A GLANCE Name: Computer Scrabble Deluxe

Supplier: Leisure Genius/Virgin Games, 2/4

Price: £15 95

Graphics: Board looks very dull Sound: Don't expect any hummable tunes

Playability: Stick to computer opponents Addictiveness; Mum's the word (it scores 7)









# THE YANKS ARE COMING

Disk software has always been something that American software houses excel at, reflecting the relative maturity of the US market. We take a riose look at two of the Yankee giants, Electronic Arts and Microprose.



larner Madner

ELECTRONIC ARTS

The man way that a company is going to make its mark is by the quality of the software that it has on offer EA are certarily not slow in coming forward when it comes to promoting their name. Thrity three bites are to be released across a variety of formats with a further bownly five to follow fairly swifth.

Of this initial batch of games, there are anne that are likely to be of interest to Disk User readers. A few of these may well be familiar as they have previously been released when EA licersed the other to Anolesoft but after this linitial launch, all the games will be new to this country.

Another advantage of this mass launch, apart from rasing the company's profile is that it will reduce considerably the delay between a game being released in the States and it appearing over here. No more will you hear rumours about a brilliant new game and have to wait a double of years before it comes out in the UK.

The time games released now should have something that appeals to everybody. Marble Madness is a conversion of the arcade onignal, a game that inspired a myriad of clones. You must navigate your half bearing round several tricky. 3D course within a set time kinst. Apart from falling off walls, threer are soorted nastes to avoid and even a hidden screen if you can find it in the control of the control of the control of the find is not soon to be soon to be find in the control of the control of the find in the control of the control of the find in the control of find in the find find in the find fin

If manual dexterity isn't quite your cup of tea, perhaps you would prefer to cross swords with the computer over a chessboard. This is going to be no easy matter though, for the EA program is one of the strongest currently available with an opening library of some 71,000 moves See else where in the issue for a full review.

Fars of role-playing games are expecially well treated Legacy of the Ancients in a fully menu-driven game in which you play a shepherd caught up in a sense of events that you don't quite understand. Viewing exhibits in a museum takes you on a sense of quests robbing castles, searching towns and betting your way through dungens before employing the services of awinged horse to fly you to a final confinentation.

There are gambling games to improve your finances and training arenas where you can improve your combat abilities - essential when you face some of the horrendous monsters deep within the bowels of a foul dungeror.

The Bard's Tale is totally different in style Here you must select a party to explore the bown of Skara Brae. You install aim is one of survival as you strive to gain sufficient experience to take on the vall Mangar Mago, plays an important part in the game as does the Bard's ability to sing a venity of stiming songs-providing that you keep him topped up with all of Quise.

Should you' eventually defeat Managacha'd depart why ou'wil never again cleave the studi of a Kobold, for Bard's Tale II - The Destry/Knapit is amongst mescendiastrinof games due for release Fiftyper cert legger than the original your quest this time is to search for the seven parts of the Destry/Wand that has been stelled by the Authorities Lagoth 2 Janta. There is a fluige wilderness to explore as well as dungered and clear II first it still not enough for you, there are rumous of a Bard's Tale III being vitted even you read this.

Arts Tak takes you to the reaches of the South Pole (no. I don't know why? us't called Antarcisc fox. The time is the near future and you are at the controls of one of the world's most deadly tanks. Preview the energy's forces, most deadly tanks. Preview the energy's forces, up a few training missions and time seet dyou can defeat the energy in the real timing. The 3D graphics are reminiscent of the old arcade game. Battlezone but the game is Infinitely more sopirational.

Sports fans can tee off with World Tour Golf. There are twelve of the world's most famous courses for you to hack your way round and, if that is not enough, you can invent your own with the full course designer included in the package All the normal hazards are present-bad lies, bunkers, random winds and wet greens You can alter player attributes such as driving accuracy and if your shots still aren't going where you want them to, there is always the driving range for that extra country.

Miliary strategy features highly in the next two games in Pegasus, you are at the controls of a Nato hydrofol with eight different missions to choose from These start off gently enoughly getting you used to the different weapon systems, both offensive and defensive, available to you and end up with you fighting everything from helicopters to

Terrorists Lords of Conquest is the game for wouldbe dictators as you try to conquer the world. Playing against either human or computer opponents, your strategy and tactics must be on a gibbal level as you attempt to wage war on enemy powers whilst defending your own territiones. This should appeal to anyone who has played the board game Risk.

The final release is a space simulation. You must devise and run a space program with missions lasting for up to ten years. Your first

am is to rase some money in order to finance, your program. Loans have to be paid off however so you will need to make some money from trade before you can ploughyour resources into research. You will need to build a space station, adding exital modules where necessary as you am to be the first to build lunar bases, space colonies and finally search for sinns of the elsewhere in the universe.

The game is based on NASA's plans for the next fifty years and with scenarios lasting up to forty hours each, there should be plenty for any budding astronaut to practice on

The emphasis on all three games livers the exception of Marie Madenesis is that they are not something that can be loaded in fire a case fine minute blass. One of the advantage of disk-based software in that runge amounts of disk-based software in that runge amounts of disk-based software in that runge amounts of the sometime some some the written on a much larger scale than casester games. En have come up with a range of games that you can really girly your beeth into Something like letters. Sind if is little propert. Are when you think of it like that, that means very good value for money indeed.

#### MICROPROSE

Microprose landed in the UK last year and since then has built up a catalogue of simulations including Gunship and Prates and signed marketing deals with Origin (Ultima series) and recently Springboard (Newsroom)

Before Microprise wint solo their games were available through LS Gold and were mainly flights simulations posing new challenged to positive, plots. Acropic featured the for positive, plots Acropic featured the decarron, the risks of flying alone were featured in Solo flight as was controlling the sides in Kennedy Approach Combat over the Papids was the certain theme of Heiskia. Acc. Blands and the Solo flight as was controlling the Acc. plots with the Solo flight as was controlling the Acc. plots and the Solo flight as was considered to the Solo flight as was

The games are still available on disk and it will cost you left 95 to get antioner with these Would-be buttlefield commanders can challenge a Sowet Invasion force in Natio Commander (§9.95), refight. World War II buttles in Crusade in Europe (§14.95), bottles in Crusade in Europe (§14.95), directed five could battles of the Vertamwar in Conflictin Vietnam (§14.95) for sown series of wargeme smultistrenii.

My favourite game of the time was Silent Service (£14.95 - Amiga version £24.95). The



combination of easy gameplay and the atmosphere of patrolling the seas in a submanne formed an addictive mix that drove me on and on until Tel empited the seas of Japanese shipping many times over. Silent Service is still one of my favourite games and would feature neer the top of an all time top

Since Microprose went solo it has had a

٥

string of hits with the biggest being Guriship (E1995). Urtal Gurship flew onto the scene I was a flight simulation sceptic but now. I've been converted. The helicopter-based Gurship is remarkably easy to ly withcheave you to work out the tacks you'll use to take out. the enemy tanks, inflantiny, gui emplacements and helicopters before they

Bolstered by the success of Gunship, F-15 Strike Eagle (E14 95) made a second flypast in the charts this time with a new scenario in which you must take out military targets in

Pirates (EL9 95) is a change of style and was advertised as an action/adventure pirate simulation. The combination of swashbucking on the high seas and Microprose's quality presentation, their includes a ninety page instruction book, earned it fame and fortune and a recent Your Commodore Game of the Month award.

Naturally, there's more to come. The next two simulations will be Project. Stealth Fightier which is based on America's new F-19 top secret, radar invisible fighter and Airborne. Ranger in which a Commando style game forms just part of the action.

As mentioned in the introduction Microprose UK is more than just Microprose as it also distributes the superbiganes for Ongin and just recently Newsroom from

INTERVIEW: Electronic Arts

Considering that they are the number one software house in the States. Electronic Arts are relatively unknown in the British home computing industry. All that is about to change Gordon Hamfett caught up with Trip Hawkins, founder and president of EA to find exit how and outper.

DU Why have you decided to break into the UK market now?

TH. We wanted to establish ourselves as number one in the LIS first before launching EA in Britain and Europe. We have over 20 per cent of the LIS market and hope to be in the top five UK software houses by Christmas.

DU What is the disk market like in the UK? TH Sluggish but improving Whereas the States is nearly all disk based and Germany about 50 per cent, Britain has some catching up to do

DU What sort of software will you be concentrating on?

TH There are two make categories Creativity – desk top publishing music, video and art packages – and entertainment, meaning games

Springboard Microprose boss, Stuart Bell, hinted at a new American deal so there may be even more on the way

certificate distances and the series of the molephing distance series (1916) each U.K. fars began exploring the faretastic works created by Lord Britans with Ultima III and then IV. distributed by U.S. Gold You can see howin. All started In Ultima II. continue the massive quest in Ultima V. dout for release in November] and then complete the series with Ultima II. As you progress through the series with the games got helper and logger. Ultima III. discussed by the control of the series with the capies got dough of an Organic Ultima III. discussed sided dake and Ultima V. is said to occupy both saids of four dakes.

However, Cingal Systems have other games outside the Ultima series that include Moebus, a misture of adventure and kung-ful host comes complete with a headband Austudie's a combat dhiving game in which was a side set as the series of the se

DU Are you going to concentrate on any particular type of game?

TH No, whatever comes along Inthe States, current game releases are falling into three main areas technical simulations, sports games and role playing games which are tending to replace traditional adventures. There is an older user base over there and arcade games tend not to do as well.

DU Are prices likely to alter much?

TH Pixes of disk based games are falling slowly in the States and it is possible that they will come down slightly here. Most of the games released for the C64 will be between E12.95 and E16.95. There is no budget market in the US like there is in Britain although from what I have seen of the UK budget games.

DU Are British designers better or worse than their American counterparts?

TH. The British tend to have a more limited outlook largely because they are writing for a cassette based industry. Remember, for most of the new machines, you have half a megabyte of memory to play with. One area where the Brits are noticeably better is on the question of sound. Americans tend to ignore this aspect of game design.

DU What do you like least about the industry?

TH An easy question The total lack of hardware standardisation. The Japanese manage to agree on industry standards for cassette and CD formats so why can't the computer industry get its act together?

DU Finally, what do you like doing best within the games industry?

TH Innovating, taking creative risks and using sound to better effect. And anything to do with baseball

#### INTERVIEW: Microprose

Wild' Bill Stealey, "Fighter Pilot Supreme" and "Chief Advisor Joint Chiefs of Staff of US software incuse Microprose, is a man whose views about software match the sound of his name.

"Microprose produces software for sophisticated teenagers and adults," he explains in his Mid-Western farm-boy accent "and that's the way it's going to stay"

"The American market caters for people who are prepared to spend that little bit more on a game, in the expectation that they will get long-lasting value from it. They don't like

Mickey Mouse stuff "
But is the UK market really moving in the same direction? Do the Americans really have the right product for what has been up until now largely a teenage market?

I really feel the LIX is moving our way."
said "Wide Tall." In past years, LIX software house have competed in terms of guantity, not quality. There's been a struggle to fill the shops with a much product as possible, much of it of very low guality, with a weyshorts shell-file. We at Micrognose have no intention of competing in terms of quantity. We market a quality product.

"Gurship absorbed eight people years of programming and design work. This is product for people who have grown up with computers, know what they can do, and expect complexity and good solid programming. We produce the kind of software that we would like to play ourselves".

But given the militaristic and Cold-War tinge of most of Microprose's product, does it really encourage serious thought any more than the latest arcade conversion megazap?

"You really do need some sophistication to play our games. They're not really about how fast the player's reactions are, but about how fast they can think up new strategies" he said "Advice for succeeding at Microprose

games could be straight out of the USAF Plot Training Manual. A pilot thinking through a new situation, such as being tailpiped by a SAM missile is advised to take three essential steps. Maintain aircraft control. analyse the situation, and take proper corrective action."
"Whatever one's wews of the political attitudes behind Microprose's games, it is undeniable that they look good in action. Was

Yes, there is an undernable trade-off between screen presentation and the complexity of the game offered. UK houses have leaned towards appearance. We don't neglect it, but we would rather makes ure that the game has more substance than have lots of pretty but uselies graphics. We use all the computer's memory space, right up to the lease.

He is proud of the lasting appeal of Gunship, a helicopter combat simulation which had its UK launch earlier this year

"No one has exhausted the possibilities of Gunship yet. For example, not one UK player has yet received the Congressional Medal of Honour, the ultimate level of achievement, yet. When somebody does, I'll come over personally and shake their hand."

Somewhat out of the usual Microprose line is their latest release, Pirates, an adventure simulation which is all about being a buccaneer in the Caribbean of the 16th and 17th centuries.

"Prates is a game which is designed to forcion on several levels. If you don't want to be there all right, you can play and enjoy if for just half an hour. On the other hand, the game has hidden depths for those who want something more." said Stealey

How does he see Microprose's future in the LIK market?

Well, for a start, we don't aim to turn out, genes fast. Not one product will be released by us until 1 personally have played it extensively and I trillik it's ready. Having said trat, we are marketing two products this autums, Airborne Ranger and Project Stealth Foliter."

Wild Bill definitely seems to feel that British puniters will take to Microprose's heady mix of complex strategy and 'Blast-thecommiss fast action

## **PUZZLE PAGE**

Strain your brain with our testing teasers

Set by Tarquin Binary



#### Decoder

Below is a passage of pure globerish This is the participation of the p

GFVHX PHQUB DAHOV XUBWL RZOBY BUCRO DPLIS IHPXY VOLOX OLLOP REHOH FVXGL XYOBR KHOKB FLGBZ LUALP DXUAY XUH \* \*

#### Wordline

Study the grid below. The object is to make as many words as possible of four or more letters. You can start anywhere but can only travel along the draw lines. Soyou can go from A to P but not from A to S. You can return to letters but cannot use the same letter bytes in the control of the control of the control of the manner.

All yeards must be in Chambers Twentieth
Century Dictionary No plurals, proper names
or foreign words are accepted nor third
person, singular parts of verbs engined in s. For

example, 'reaps' as in the reaps the comi'

When you have finished, put your words in an alphabetual list (it makes for easy marking) and put the number of words found both at the bottom of your list and on the outside of the envelope

#### CROSSNUMBER

Here's a crossword, but with a difference. All the answers are numbers. Work out the sums which are based on Commodore machines and peripherals and enter them into the cord below.

An example answer would be 1541 for th well known, snail-fast, disk drive

#### Across

- 2 disk drive x computer
- Z down Amiga
   a byte out of a computer
- 9 sum of three Amigas
- 10 (1/4 computer) 1
  12 a byte out of a computer
- 14 chip
  - 15 perfect number

#### Down

- I [printer computer] squared
- 2 [disk drive disk drive) squared
- 4 printer computer
- 5 printer + disk drive + computer 8 printer + printer - computer
- II printer (1/2 computer)
- 13 computer + spotty dogs
- IS INT (I/3 computer)
  - square printer ends

Closing date December 3ist 1987





## KEEPING YOUR DRIVE ALIVE

At last a new handbook tells you how to really care for your poor old disk drive

By Eric Doyle

or the past flow years I've been sharing my house with a stranger
Occasionally, we haven't been on
spealing terms but normally the
delogue has enrobed my life. until
recently Suddenly the mood changed My
finend refused to respond How ould I revew
someone who had meant so much to me? The
Abacus came to the rescue

No, it's not Commodore Disk User meets Milk & Boon Lan everyday tel of computer falk Considering that I put somuch trust miny dark dine. I doseen to take the oldgroamer for granted. The 1541 Repair and Maintenance Handbook is the book that all camp 1541 owners have been waiting for it's packed full of Intris and bear on how to keep your drive in top top condition and how to diagnose any electrical problems which may are the second problems.

When drive failure hit my household, the reported to my request for a load was the SEARCHING FOR message from the computer but no sign of life from my disk drive A dead disk drive and being laced with the prospect of paying over £30 for a repear jub that Could do myself was almost son much to bear if for ny! knew more about what makes the disk drive drive disks.

Abbass are the publishers of many informative books on the Commodore 64 environment, especially that excellent disk drue book, The Anstorny of the 1941 box with the computer's memory than as actual physical make up perhaps in should be called the Psychology of the 1941 For my present needs the 1941 Repair and Mantenance Hambbook has much more to do with my to be a second or the 1941 for my present to the control of the 1941 for my present to the 1941 for my present t

The most common problems with a disk drive occur as the mechanical parts wear in and begin to wear out. Alignment is a much harder problem to solve on a disk drive than it is on a cassette and special programs are required to get the disk back to par

Acknowledging this, the whole of the first part of the field Handbook is deficiented to a disascentily of the motor drive. Here the disascentily of the motor drive. Here the differences between the winous incrnations of the drive are explained with hints on how to deal with problems exhibited by the older models. One of the most common of these was alone stop major servenivind was varietied in an later models but caused real headcarts on later models but caused real headcarts or leading to the property of the property of

The back of the book has a series of programs to help cure insalignment problems and to correct the speed The alignment program needs a specially created disk, so the time to get this set up is now before your drive goes out of alignment functive suggestion is that you save your test programs on tape. Think about it, how are you going to load them droug drives from two from?

For some of the tests in the book an oscilloscope is desirable but for most of the mechanical tests a volumeter is all you need. When it comes to testing the circuit board a logic grobe is also needed.

The electronics section is very good indeed It starts off with a simple course in elementary electronics and basic logic circuitry. Although this is not going to turn anyone into an electronics engineer overright, it does clarify a lew of the basic principles in a concise manner.

Next comes a Cook's Tour of the 1541's circuit boards pointing out all of the landmarks, their history and purpose At each point the book explains the correct testing procedures and expected results. Towards the end is a section entitled Fault.

Finding, What a disappointment this was No tables of faults, causes and cures, just a few short paragraphs stating that the culprir for electrical fature is usually the CIA-chip in the C64. This is followed by a throw away line about a 74LSM chip or something, and that's fault finding.

I cansay without fear of contradiction that the same as the book on 1541 mantenance but not just because it's the only book Reinhold Hermann has created a well structured mentenance manual as much for the laymon as it is for the engineer. The seconds are logically structed and it is a farly light read considering the weighty nature of its contents. Hermann has succeeded in removan the

cover from the I541 to let the light shine in. How about a C64 manual next?



AT A GLANCE

Title: 1541 Repar & Maintenance Handbook

Author: Reinhold Herrmann

Publisher: Abacus Software, C/O Precision Software, 6 Park Terrace, Worcester Park,

Price: £9 95

## SLIPPED DISKS

Where can you turn when your disk drive won't?

By Norman Doyle

Unlike a fine wine, age does not improve a disk drive. As time passes the drive's whine improves but its performance falls until the day when everything fails to load.

Nine times out of ten the fault is caused by alignment or speed problems and can be easily remeded if you have the correct equipment and an alignment disk. A disk drive is a precision piece of equipment and the alignment disk has to be equally precise to be of any use. This means that alignment lists don't come lead on the disk has to be equally precise to be of any use. This means that alignment kits don't come lead on.

Robtek's Magic Disk Kit contains a program/alignment disk and a deaning disk This means that to use the kit, you have to have access to a working disk drive.

After a rather lengthy loading sequence the screen displays a five item menu. From this you can elect to select a device number from 8 to 12, execute the speed test or the alignment test, clean the drive's read/write head or return to Bassic.

Assuming that you've had to borrow another drive to load the test program, you will have to thinge the device number of your test drive from its default value, using the method outlined in the disk manual. A facility to do this from the Dak Kit software would have been appreciated. The program can then be directed to the test drive by using the first menu option.

The next thing to check is the rotational speed of the dask. After selecting this option the screen clean and the axes of a graph appear. The program then does ten consecutive tests and maps them on the graph. The fact that the graph ought to be an histogram need not concern us too much, after all, a continuous line graph looks so much more dramatic, closen't in?

The real point of this test is to calculate an average speed result which has to fall which the range 299 to 30 fpm. Any results outside this range need to be corrected according to the instructions in the small, but beautifully formed, manual

The booklet may only measure about 75-be booklet may only measure about 75-be more than 15-be may be more than 15-be more than

If the disk drive still fails to load programs reliably after the speed has been corrected, it's time to run the alignment test. This positions the head-driving stepper motor to a sampling point and If it's the expected header all is well, program then reads in the track header at that point and if it's the expected he ider all is well but if not an adjustment is necessary

The sampling points are spread over the disk in three groups of three tracks on the rim, centre and inner edge of the disk [tacks F-3, 17-19] and 33-35]. For accuracy, the disk supplied has half tracks so the test also checks these, giving 15 sampling points in all.

The manual again accurately describes how to reset the stepper motor to its optimum position.

#### Let's Get Physical

The IS41 Physical Exam from Evesham Micros is more expensive, but more accurate, package from America.

Like the Robtek kit, there is a speed test which samples the speed ten times and takes an average. The result is then stored and printed out on the alignment test screen when it is run.

At first sight the Radaki Allgament screen may indicate a less discerning less than that from Robotek Chiny three tracks are indicated in the less are consulty created on the less are consulty created on the less are consulty created from the control of the less are consulty created from its sectors is progressively displaced from its executor is progressively displaced from its expected position by all thousandth of an andit, because the less are displaced from its expected from the operation of the less are displaced from the operation of the less are displaced from the sector is the displaced to the other sele. This means that capture is the control of the less than the less are displaced to the other sele. This means that displaced to the other sele. This means that it is the control of the less are considered in the other selection of the less are considered to the other selection of the less are considered to the other selection of the less are considered to the other selection of the less are considered to the other selection of the less are considered to the other selection of the less are considered to the other selection of the less are considered to the other selection of the less are considered to the other selection of the less are considered to the other selection of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less discussion of the less are considered to the less are considered to the less are considered to the less are

As the test runs it translates the offsets into graphical form on the screen and a long section of the manual gives copious examples of possible readouts and their significances.

on location and under adjulcation and to the bed section of the book deliver into alignment adjustments in great detail. A crude Track indicator is supplied to help locate the adjustment services Trace is also a pack of two quest stags and instructions on how to attach quart stags and instructions on how to attach quart stop has the effect of softening the harmonic blows when the divers a sent on a track zero location jump. This is the action which may be a sent on a track zero location jump. This is the action sent of the protection of systems or when an action of the protection of systems or when as stoo fitted, this noise is reduced to a kittenish pur.

#### Verdict

Both of the alignment kits were easy to use and required a modicum of commonsense but no technical skills. The Robtek Magic Disk Kit is not as accurate as the Physical Exam but should keep your disk drive reading and writing sufficiently well

In my tests on the systems, the Rottlet regarder of close half of health for a drive which laked to meet the Physical Exam's more stringers personners. Despite the CM from the Magic Dok Kit, the drive was still hammering against its stop every time a disk was accessed, even though the drive was otherwise performing well. The Exam's test indicated a bedly adjusted stop and proved to be conrect in 6 diagnoss Come up to the Physical Exam when the proposal Exam and the proposal Exam the control of the province of the proposal Exam the province of the province of the province the province of the province the provin

My Welthood depends heavily on houring an operation disk, so for me the 1541 Physical Exem is an essential flor those working Sundays when everything seems to go wrong [For most people the cost of the Robitek Magic Disk Mit will be the crucial factor and their package should cope well on the few occasions when the drive needs tweaking back to performance level

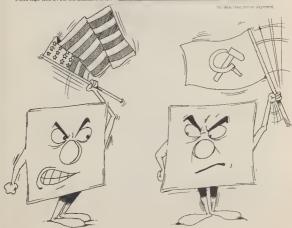
As often happens with reviews of this kind, the final decision is yours and the crunch question is how vital is your disk drive to you and how highly do you value your peace of

#### AT A GLANCE

Product: 1541 Physical Exam Supplier: Evesham Micros, 63 Bridge Street, Evesham, Worcs W11 4SF Tel. (0386) 41989 Price: E39 95

Product: Magic Disk Kit

Supplier: Robtek Ltd., Unit 4, Isleworth Business Complex, St. John's Road Isleworth, Middlesex TW7 6NL Tel 01-847 4457 Price: £14 95



## WIN AN ULTIMA SET

10 sets of Ultima I. Iil, IV and V must be won

When Littima III made its way across from the States the computer press went wild. and the follow up Ultima IV also received wide acclaim. Commdore Disk User is pleased to team up with Origin Micro Systems to offer our readers the chance to win one of ten sets of Ultima games, including Ultima V which is only just due for release

#### How to enter

Presented here are two cartoons. There are a number of differences between them (I like Spot the Difference even If Tarquin Binary doesn'tl. Once you have decided how many differences there are, complete the entry form and send it to the editorial address (see below). Write the number of differences that you have found on the back of the envelope. If you don't your entry will not be accepted

The first ten correct entries pulled out the hat after the closing date will receive a complete set of Ultima I, III, IV and V for the Commodore 64 on disk.



Entries will not be accepted from employees of Argus Specialist Publications and Ongin Micro Systems This restriction also applies to employees' families and agents of

the companies The 'how to enter' section forms part of the rules. The Editor's decision is final and no correspondence will be entered into







Number of differences found .... Post to: Your Commodore, Evesham Micros, 1 Golden Square, London W/IR 3AB Closing date. Thursday 31st December 1987





## COMICS

At last, the Computer Comic. Gordon Hamlett reports on the latest offering from Accolade.

the asingle bound, Jack was free Roy drobbed the ball round two defenders and thumped it into the back of the net Golly Barman. So, Hand over the Smartes Walter or I'll set Graster on Foo-Foo

Comic book heroes every one of them and how many of us haven't dreamed of filling their roles occasionally? Sporting superstar, ace detective, playground pest or just plain ole superhero, savinus of the universe.

Comics from Accolade not only lets you read the story but you can actually take part in it as well. Not only that, but the story itself changes every time you play it depending on the choices that you make during the course of a game.

#### Keene as Mustard

You play the part of Steve Keene - Private Spy Dynamic, dastardly, dashing, daring, dui, devastating dipstick, dauntiess, despised, duped, you are occasionally all of these but whatever you do, wherever you go, your tongue always remains stuck well inside your chall.

The stopy unfolds one harme at a time. Most frames are pure narrative but some invite you to make a decision. This may be in the form of the appropriate wisecrack, choosing which building to wist, or even how to enter a particular pixet—eight the door or window. As you make your choice, so the story develops in offierers ways, although the short time and pick up the main story line again.

Each frame is unique and most of them are animated in some small way. The style of illustration is very well done and you have to look carefully to pick up all the verial pices.

#### Laughing out loud

The storyline defers description, not least because it is different every time you play but, also because it is different every time you play but, also because jokes taken out of context tend not to be furnity to anyone but the writer Suffice it to say, I was laughing out build on many occasions. There seem to be two main plots atthough whether these join up in the end or not, I have not yet discovered as the loans is huge covering say sides of disk

The first plot involves a Nobel Prozwinning professor who has been kidnepped, as earl villains want to make use of his discovery which Involves using water as a rocket het. The secondistory is concerned with self-replicating. The Ingrains These clones become a public nullsance as they take up all the parking spaces lit is villegal to park in front of one in the States) and conflues the firemen no enc

Although it is very much in your nature to give smart alex replies on every occasion, there are times when people (usually although not always the baddies) take exception to your wisecracks and decide to terminate your wisecracks.



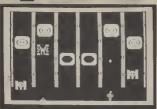
career as a spy with extreme prejudice. Fortunately, an early death does not necessarily mean Game Over as you start off with fine lives to bee one and the story restarts from a few frames back it is therefore sensible to save your posttom frequently before making odd decisions. Fortunately, the save game facility is extremely rapid and so this is nowhere near as much of a choice as it is in certain other games I could membion.

#### An early grave

Apart from falking your way into an early grave, there are other ways to die Certain paths lead you into one of eight arcade games



where you have to fight for levs. These games usually occur when you have been cught by the biddles yeep parallal and they are text of objected you. As a usual in afficience, they to dispose of you. As a usual in afficience, they to represent the property of the propert



The aforementioned sequence with the sharks involves Keene chinging to a grid of bars finer are fine keys to be collected before he can open the door to escape. The only problem is that the bars he is dutching on to have a nasty habit of dissolving away learing you dutching at thin air before dropping adwint to provide a quick bit for a reference of Javos.

Chossing your escape route is always tridly and there will came the time when you climb through a window only to find yourself on a narrow ledge. There is a fire escape but it is particularly two hostel roots. These can be destroyed by locking some conveniently placed bricks onto them but you must self make your way to the mod where hope-fully, a friendly helioppets is waiting to pick you up.

An underground river poses another problem As you swim along, you can gulp air from the occasional pocket that has become trapped under the roof. All you have to do is make sure that it is not revised. Then there

#### AT A GLANCE

Name: Cornes

Supplier: Accolade/US Gold Units 2/3 Holford Way, Holford, Birmingham 86 7AX

Tel 021-356 3388 Price: £29 95

Graphics: Bright, colourful and well animated Sound: The tunes get very repetitive but can be turned off

Addictiveness: You will want to play it through but may not go back to it

Playability: Some of the arcade games will

Tieco process

are only the electric eels and killer turtles to

#### Killer robots

Robots are apopular theme and one scene importance you bring studies in a series of comdors full of intest morsters of a most unifieredly nature. Only by borning their power supplies can you render them inoperative although you can also gain temporary relief by exploding a robot itself. All you have to do then is make sure that you don't walk into the piles of radiacance waste.

Men throwing switchs feature in the next but games in the first, you are trying to get into a senies of this triet will eventually lead to your freedom. The floors crass for a senies of red and blue trapdoors. At the top of the screen, the what, a certain risk Ged Spunily throws a switch opening all the doors of the aporpointer color. The second game has a striked them: Here, you are trying to kep onto the control of the properties of the policy control of the properties of the policy properties the detection of the below with Arbo hoping to catch you unaware and plunge you min a vist of mother lays below.

Jetpack is a shoot-em-up where you destroy a number of, surprise, surprise, rampaging fire hyrants. These release robots who again are not overly concerned about your well being. Will your rapid fire laser

The final game and my fundumer is called Bernder, Afric is perched on a platform of brides, casually folibring bornts at you, fortunately, you managed to pick up a dustfini lader notice and wint selfall inversipation, you can use it to defect on the other board on the standard of the company of the properties of this you. The other board out of the carpones of this you want a swage faind fatall inp on the anieties, you must swage faind fatall inp on the anieties, you must lass over him whet settli dodging bornts.

#### Practice makes perfect

All these games can be practised beforehand although one extremely annoying feature is that after the practice has finished, you cannot replay the sub-game without

Comics is an excellent idea very well implemented. My only reservations about it are then I am not sure how often you would go back to it once it was completed and the price of it. Even for three disks, I feel that a lot of people will baulik at a price tag of just under thirty pounds.

## MENDING YOUR DISKS

Disks are reliable, but they can, and do,go wrong. With our help, you should be able to repair them

By Burghard-Henry Lehmann

Over the years the floppy disk has established itself as the most reliable storage medium for computers. Unless you do something pretty outrageous withy our disks, like use them as been that at your local or take them with you to open day, at the electrizing eperating board where they are demonstrating their attest. high-powered claubut switches, it is very unlikely that any of your data will ever get corrupted.

Problems with dasks are much more likely to arise because of the good old human error factor. For example, how often have you scratched a file by mistake? All you need for this to happen is a number of similarly named file, and before you know it, a major file containing a whole day's work has gone!

But, if you have noticed your mistake quickly enough and haven't yet saved anything else, don't despail in reality nothing very much has gone. All it takes is a minor operation with the right piece of software, like a disk editor.

#### What it does

A disk editor like the one which is part of my disk utility Directory Designer and which! will use in this article as an example) gives you access to each section on a disk separately From Basic you can only load affee as whose into the computer A disk editor allows you to load the elements of which a disk consists, namely the sectors, and individually modify them.

#### Tracks and sectors

A disk works very much like an LF - the contents are recorded not to tasks and the tracks are subclivided into section. You veg oils a smitch traing on a record which contains, let's say, a symbiotry by Bectinovel Earl movements on a task what can be deathy what compared with a tape recording if you want to skip the first and second movement, you can go straight to the third by putting the needle orto the beginning of that track.

Of course, with your disk drive you do not physically move the read/write head, which is the equivalent of the needle of the turnitable, to the track which you want. Most of the time you don't even know on which track a file starts. Nor do you need to know!

With computer disks all this is done by the

Disk Operating System ("DOS") which is basically a computer operating system residing inside your disk drive You just enter the file you want and the DOS does the rest.

It finds the file name on a special track on the disk - the director track - from which it. learns where on the disk the recording of the file starts, that is, the first track/sector.

The rests done in chains- at the beginning of the first sector of the file which the DOS loads, there are two bytes which tell it where the rest sector is, and at the beginning of that next sector it gets told where the sector after that is, and so on, until it reached the state sector of the particular file which has to be loaded.

A Commodore disk is formatted into 35 tracks. Containing 63 sectors in all, and each sector holds 256 bytes in fact, when you list the directory of an empty disk it tells you that there are 664 blocks or sectors free. This is because the directory track is not counted.

Of course the outer tracks, contain more sectors than the inner tracks, since a disk gets the smaller the closer you get towards its center. Therefore, track 1, which is the outermost track, contains 21 sectors for blocks, as they are also called, while track 35, which is the innermost track contains only if sectors.



Note also that Commodore numbers the tracks on a disk in a slightly abnormal way, as far as computer go. Tracks are numbered from 1 to 35. There is no track 0. On the other hand sectors are numbered in the more usual fashion, that is from section 0 upwards.

Track 18, which contains 19 sectors, is always the directory track

#### The Directory Track

The Directory Track is the most important track on any disk, it's like the reception desk of

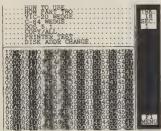
a government building. Here the DOS gets all the information it needs to load or save files if it wants to load a file, the Directory Track

If twants to load a line, the Directory flacts
tells the DOS if the file is on the disk at all and,
if so, where it is, as I've described above
If it wants to save a file, there is an

important area at the beginning of the Directory Track, called the Block Allocation Map ('BAM"), which tells the DOS which sectors (or blocks) on the disk are free, that is, can be used for further recordings.

#### Unscratching a file

But let's return to the mishap we took as our example, where we have scratched a file by mistake



---

Scratching a file does not mean that it gets detected or erased at all. As a matter of fact, when you scratch a file, nothing whatsoever is done to the file fiself. Not even the name of the file in the directory is erased All the DOS does is to change one single byte in front of the file

name
This byte tells the DOS what a particular file is For example 130 (\$81) stands for a sequential file.

If you scratch a file, the DOS writes a zero into this file-type byte. That is all there is to in yield, not quite all, because the DOS also marks that the sectors used by this file as being free on the Block Allocation Map But this soft of much concern to us here!

So we can unscratch a file very simply by changing the file-type byte back into a regular file. (To get the BAM updated all we have to do it validate the disk Validating a disk makes the DOS go through all the files. It then updates the BAM according to which of the files are marked as existing and which are marked as scratched. This is where a disk editor comes in handy.

#### A close look at a sector

A disk editor gives you access to each sector on a disk separately

What happens is that you tell the program which track/sector you require and then it downloads this sector into a buffer and depicts its contents on the screen.

To do this with the disk editor which is provided with "Directory Designer" first press F5 to enter the disk editor itself. Then press "I.", for "load sector". Now you will be prompted to enter the track and the sector you

It might be a good idea if we test this on the Commodere test disk which most of you will have If you follow the instructions I give you no harm should come to your test disk. But to be on the safe sade, make sure that the write protect notch of the disk is covered.

Let's first load the beginning of the directory track of the test disk. To do this enter "18" and "0" respectively. Now track 18, sector 0 will be loaded by the program.

Figure 1 shows you how the disk editor depicts this sector on the screen

The display is split into three parts. The upper part shows the data contained in that sector displayed as ASCII text. Themuch larger bottom part shows, the same bytes in hex notation, and on the night hand side there is a third area which tells you the track/sector currently on display. Some of the empty space will be used for further information later on when you poreate the editor.

If you already know how to use a monitor you is shouldn't have much trouble understanding this kind of Jayout Simply think of a sector of a disk as an area of memory in RAM or ROM. The only difference is that the data you see is recorded on a disk.

The disk editor has loaded the contents of the sector into a buffer. The advantage of this is that you can make an many changes to the connents of this sector as you like without the actual recording on the disk being changed that you did all the right things, can you natruct the disk editor program to save this sector onto the disk and with it the changes you have made.

#### A closer look

The first two bytes of a sector always point

to the next sector to be loaded, in a chain of sectors which make up a file in figure one, one of the first two bytes points at track \$12 (+decimal 18), sector 1

This is the only case where the next sector is the actual next numbered. Normally sectors are chained in steps of three in the case of the directory track, and in steps of ten on all the other tracks of the disk. The reson for this is that it is more convenient for the drive head to make jumps of that kind.

The last sector of a file is signified by the lirst pointer byte being zero [remember, there is no track zero] and the second pointer byte telling the DOS how many bytes of that sector are used. The rest of the sector is considered as garbage and ignored by the DOS.

Returning to Figure 1 next you see the Block Allocation Map 1 have already talked about it would be beyond the scope of this article to explain exactly how the BAM works 1 can tell you that if one of your disks has become so corrupted that you want to attempt to rewrite the BAM by hend, you might as well forget it and scrap the whole disk unless you are amanime code white-kide.

The entry following all those SIF's of the BAM is much more interesting to us. This is the name of the disk or, as it is also called, the directory header.

The name itself - "1541TEST/DEMO" -, is represented as the usual ASCII bytes, and this is followed by the disk identification number, which in this case is "ZX ZA".

Now let's get the next sector of the directory track of the test disk We could do the set sides We could do this by pressing "L" and then entering Track IB Sector IB Butthe disk editor program proudes a more convenient way Simply press "N" for "next sector" and it will load the sector we want, using the information in the pointer burse which I have already described.

Figure 2 shows you sector 18/1 of the test two bytes do not point to track 18, sector 2, but Track 18, Sector 3 in other words, the sectors are chained in threes as five explained above

The next byte - \$82 - is the one we are most interested in, namely the file-type byte. In this case, it tells you (and the DOS) that the file named "HOW TO USE" is a program file. The next two bytes tell the DOS where the

The next two bytes tell the DOS where the file starts on the disk "HOW TO USE" starts on track SIT | decimal 17], sector 0.

The follows the filename itself if a name is less than the maximum per mitted 16 characters in length, the rest is padded out with shifted spaces, that is, \$AQ | decimal 160!

Next follow 9 zeros, which mean, as you

might have guessed, nothing, and the last two bytes of the second line tell you how long a file

"HOW TO USE" is 13 (SOD) blocks or sectors long

This finishes the first directory entry in figure 2. All the other directory entries are formatted in just the same way, and as you can sector is able to hold 8 directory entries.

#### Modifying a byte Let's assume now that "HOW TO USE" has

been scratched by metake, which would mean of course that the third byte in figure 2 would contain a zero

So what we want to do now is to use the disk editor to change that byte back into a proper file byte, let's say \$82 { decimal I30}, which stands for program file

First we get the editor program into the modifying mode You do this by pressing 1° for "edit sector". Now a fleshing cursor has appeared at the first byte. Notice that there is also a white cursor which highlights the corresponding byte in ASCII-representation. Furthermore, on the right hand side of the display a window has appeared showing the value of that byte in decinal.

Now bring the cursor to the third byte, which we want to change by moving rating with the help of the cursor right key. Of course, in our example the file type byte is aready SE2, which is the correct type But for the sake of the exercise, scratch the life by entering hex SO0 (you have to enter data in hext) and then un-scratch it again by entering \$82.

As ive said already, all this is only done in a buffer. That is, so far we haven't changed anything on the actual disk.

So the final step of our operation would be to instruct the program to write the changed sector from the buffer to the disk

To do this press "NV for "write to sector" Since the following action is quite radical in that it will change the contents of the disk you will be asked if you are certain if yet press "V" and the sector will be stared onto disk in place of the old one if no, press "N", and the program will return to the sector deplay without any action being taken This is all there is to fill."

If you list the directory of the disk you have changed in this way, you will see that the file has indeed been reinstated, because it's listed again.

As a final step it is a good idea to validate the disk in order to get the DOS to re-write the BAM so that, if you save a new file, it won't use the sectors of the file which has been scratched by mistake [With "Directory Designer"] you can validate a disk by getting int the disk command mode and entering "V"."

#### Other usages

There are all sorts of other useful things

you can do with a disk editor If you want to be absolutely certain that you don't scratch a file by mistake, you can protect it against accidental scratching. This is a worthwhile facility the Commodore DOS offers, but which is very little documented and

unfortunately not accessible from Basic.
Again, it involves the file-type byte. All you have to do is to add 64 to the file-type and write that number in place of it. For exemple, a program file [SB2 decimal (30)] would become SC2 decimal (194).

Later, when you list a directory which contains protected files, each protected file will be marked with a "<" to show that it is a protected file.

There are all sort of other ways in which you can use a disk editor to manipulate the

contents of a disk directly. For example, you could change the name of a file directly.

To do this kind of thing easily the disk editor provided with "Directory Designer" has a second modifying mode which allows you to enter text directly into the upper part of the screen display. To start this off press "A" for "ASCII-modify".

You can also use the disk editor to change the loading address of a file, that is the location in memorywhere the file will be loaded, which is 50801 in the case of all Basic programs. You'll find this address at the beginning of the files sector of a file, just after the two pointer bytes.

Finally, you might use a disk echtor to change the data on a disk so that certain files can't be priyed into by unwanted persons. That is, you can build protection mechanisms into a disk.

This is a very wide subject indeed and far beyond the scope of this article. But remember, if you can use a disk editor to oreate this kind of protection, your happy neighbourhood hacker can use a disk editor to



## DIRECTORY DESIGNER

Sort out your disk with this versatile and powerful disk utility By Burghard-Henry Lehmann

he Commodore DOS is extremely versatile, but like the operating system of the Commodore 64 computer ther much more to it than is accessib Basic o ocrammer As always, Commoc packing lots / sood machines and then hidi

Not even your disk driv - you toon and w In the end, the by way mad your disk drive in manuals and then. reach the parts of

Directory Des helps you to do chares on your directors to You can move ector positions, insert separating lin remarks in Laween entries or sort entries of a directory alphatete ally All this make it easier to you to find the files you looking for later on.

Furthermole, Directory Designer you to scratch and was fatch, and prounprotect files with a minimum of

#### The main menu On loading from the menu, you are

On loading from the fiften, you are presented with the main menu of Directory Designer On top of the sit gen, in reverse, you find the atoms of the further field which allow you're switch from the main menu to the directory (F) and F) and also to the disheditor (F) shight I will pescribe Jack in Ithis since, All other commends age activated simply by

#### pressing the highlighted key Loading a directory

Purple disk whost directory you was load in to the drive. There are see from the menu, this stands for Directory Your disk drive should now start to hi hope that your disk drive hum

working and an't making any d noises . ) and after a few second while directory will appear on the screen.
You can togge between the inintout of the directory and the main mehil of pressing FI

and F3 respectively

On top of the street soul and the directory header and the disk identification Next to it, is a same to press to the you want to look at the main menu segit

Undernead at are two large boxes where the directory entries and listed Eactifilename is printed in reverse. This is to signify that it is an unscratched file which can be loaded, as opposed to a scratched file which cannot be loaded

Unlike other such programs I also wanted to show the scratched files. To distinguish them clearly from the unscatched files the printed in normal. If n a minute I will show you

Next to the first file-you'll find a flag it cursor This is the main cursor of the proof You can move it up land down and left right with the cursor keys, watil you come to

the end of the dreftory The screen can hold 44 entries. Jayour directory includes/more ensues than that (the maximum number of entries Durectory Designer will pegnit in 144), a new page will be opened automatically wheneveryou flove the cut or further than the screen limit - either or to the right. Moving it up or to the left will recover tife former page You cannot move

#### the cursor beyond the last lentry. Entries

He As I've said Defore, lif it scratched file, in pointed in reverse of it is a atched file it is printed polymally At the end of the name you it find the type of file which stands for "program file"; "User file", and "R" stands for ative file." Ha file has been scratched you'll

The factor deleter the In this identification less

-raying an entry ress "X", which stands for "X

and you'll get an information box Which you the name of the entry you have cho art track and sector of it on disk and th enoth of the file in blocks If you wanted to examine matter still

further you could press "Y" which would carr you straight into the disk editor and loads the first sector of the file But we don't want to do that right now. Instead we press "N" for which makes the information disappear

#### Editing a filename Now let's make some changes to

directory you have loaded Please note that changes you make have no initial effect up the actual directory on disk arect Designer loads each directory into a buffer all changes you make amounty done in buffer Only when you use the "S" directory" command will the actual ofred ory on disk be changed. So don't wdgy a but experimenting freely with Directory Des If you don't like what you've done you can always reload the original directory from disk and start again. Northing on the disk will be

First of all you can east an entry Bring the cursor to the entry you want to edit and press "E". This is to signify that you are now in the beginning of the entry and changed into an E". This is to signify that you are now in the editing mode and can enter whatever you like When you are finished, swhiply press Returns.

You can edit the header and diskidentification in the same way, simply by moving the cursor next to it and pressing "E"

If you want to get rid of an insert, you can delete it by pressing "O". This facility is meant for such unwanted inserts. If you use it to detect a file: the file would have been gone for good. Therefore, if you don't want a file anymore, scratch it as described above. A scratched life can always be unscratched.

#### Scratching and unscratching

You can scratch the file next to the cursor by pressing "C". This results in the filename being printed normally and the file being marked with a "D" for "deleted file".

Again, don't worry about the finality of this action! Remember, so far it's only done in the buffer. Only when you save the directory will the file be marked as scratched on the disk, and even then you could recover it again, unless you have saved a new file in the

Any file that has been marked as scratched care unscratched Simply press "U". Now a requester will appear, asking you what type of file you want the unscratched file to be Type." For "program file", "S" for "Secuential file", "L" for "user file", or "R" for "relative file" file you are not quite sure what all this means, study your disk drive manual again. It's still good for something, you know.

#### Protecting and unprotecting

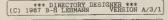
To protect a file means making it safe against accidental scratching. This is a very useful facility the DOS incorporates, but for which there are no instructions in Basic.

With Directory Designer you can protect whatever file you wish by pressing "P" and once you have saved the directory you can't sortach that file by accorder If you list the directory from Basic you'll find a "c" after each protected file, and within Directory Designer a protected file is indicated by the file type being printed in reverse.

Directory Designer also allows you to unprotect a file for scratching Simply press "N" Now the file-type letter will revert to normal, signifying that this file can be scratched

#### Moving entries about

In the normal course of events directories nave a habit of becoming rather confusing. This is because each new file is saved by the DOS after the last file, or, if a file has been scrattered, in place of the scratterde life. But this original order does not have to be kept, because when it loads a file it does not matter to the DOS where in the directory the file is pained. All the DOS needs to know is where a file.







F7=QUIT

■ = DISK COMMANDS

USE THE SPACEBAR TO MARK THE FILE YOU WANT TO BE

#### inserting a line

Or you can insert an extra line after an entry Press "I" for "insert line" and type whatever you want to be inserted, be it a separating line fe g a line of shifted "" for a remark. Don't worry about the entry underneath being overwritten It will not be lost as you'll seef.

When you have finished, press Return as before, and the line will be inserted while the entry underneath will be recovered above it

If you X-ray the insert you'll see that it has been entered as a sort of ghost file. That is, it is zero blocks long (because there will be no such file on the disk) and it is always positioned at track IB, sector IB.

Furthermore these inserts are always marked as a sequential file, which is really off little relevance since, as I ve said already, the file doesn't really exist. Nevertheless, it will of course show up whenever you list the directory, be it from Basic or from another program! file starts on disk and this information is stored in each directory entry before the filename So. you can move file entries about as much asyou

To move an entry, first place the cursor next to the file you want to move. Then press the space bar This will highlight the entry Now place the cursor to where you want the entry to be moved to Then press "M" for "move file" Now the file you wanted to be moved will have been placed undemeath the file where you put the cursor

#### Alphabetical sort

You can have all your file entries alphabetically sorted by pressing 'A" This will result in a sort in ASCII order throughout, as listed on your C64 manual on pp135-137. This means that if a file starts, for example, with an "S" or a number, it will be placed before the letter "A", while entires starting with a graphic character will be placed after the letter "Z

If you are not happy with the result of this action, or any other action you have taken, press "O" for "undo". Now everything will be restored as it was before you took the last

#### Saving the directory

If you are happy with what you've got on screen and want your directory to be finally saved onto disk, press "S" Since saving a directory is a pretty final act, you'll be asked if you are quite sure about it If not, press "N", and no action will be taken

If you are certain, press "Y" Now the directory will be saved. This means that files which you have scratched will be truly scratched and files which you have protected will be truly protected

Afterwards you will be asked if you want to validate your disk. This is a good idea. especially if you have scratched files with the help of Directory Designer Because validating your disk makes the DOS rewrite the BAM | the block-allocation map] which is at the beginning of each directory, the DOS will know in future that it can write any new fife over a scratched file. In other words, validation. makes new space available on a disk

You can get a hard copy of the directory in Directory Designer by pressing "H" for 'hard copy' The printout will be formatted in two columns to make use of the 80-column line which you get with most printers

#### Executing disk commands

This option lets you execute all the disk commands which you get from Basic with the "OPEN 15, 8, 15' command If you press '@'. you'll be prompted to enter whatever disk command you want to give

For example, if you type "I" and press Return, the disk in your drive will be initialized For more about these commands consult your disk drive manual

If you enter '5" you will get a listing of the directory as it will be listed from Basic

### Changing the screen colours

Directory Designer allows you to change the border, paper and ink colours to suit you

F1=MENS \* Aleman Aleman State de la Company de la Comp





Press "D" for "change colours" and you will be prompted to give the border colour you require then the paper colour, and finally the

If you don't want to change a particular colour, simply press Return Otherwise enter the number of the colour you want le q "06" for blue - please, enter a single digit with a trailing zero!) After you've pressed Return, the colour you have chosen will be installed

At the end you will be asked if you are satisfied with your choice of colours. If not, press "N", and the process will be repeated If

#### The disk editor

Directory Designer includes a versable sector editor which allows you to load any sector of your disk into a buffer, modify it and then save the modified sector onto the disk

There are two ways in which you can enter

the disk editor Either via the "x-ray file" command or by pressing FS. If you enter the disk editor from the 'x-ray file" command, the start sector of the particular file you are looking at will be loaded automatically. You can then look at it land at the subsequent sectors of that file, with the "IV" command), modify it, return to the directory designer or remain in the disk editor and look at other sectors. Depressing E5 again will carry you back to the Directory Designer

#### The editor screen

The screen of the disk editor is split into two parts, both parts depicting the bytes contained in the disk sector you have loaded The top part of the screen gives you a readout of the sector in ASCII-characters (that is, text). while the much larger bottom part shows the same data in hexadeomal

Modifying data

To edit data in hex, press "E" A flashing cursor will appear in the bottom section of the screen and on the right hand side, the byte the cursor is on is echoed in decimal



To move the cursor use the cursor keys as usual Notice that there is also a non-flashing which moves along with the flashing cursor This allows you at all times to see at a glance the text equivalent of the hex byte the cursor is

#### Loading a sector

There are several different commands to load a sector from disk. If you are not satisfied with the modifications you've made, you can reload the same sector from disk by pressing "S", or you can get the "next" sector from the disk by pressing "N". This means the sector which the DOS would load in next when loading a file For technical reasons this is never the immediate next sector, but always ten sectors on. For example, if you've just loaded section 3 the "next" sector would be

The first two bytes of each sector tell you (and the DOS) which is the next track/sector to be loaded Therefore with the "N" command you can load all the sectors of a file In succession, (When the last sector of a file has been reached the track byte will be zero, and since there is no track zero, the DOS will know in this way that this is the last sector of a file. As far as the disk editor is concerned, once this final sector has been reached, the "N" command will automatically be disabled!

If you press 'L', you are prompted to type in the trace and sector number of a specific sector you want to load

#### Writing to a sector

By pressing "W" the sector will be saved on to disk. This means that the former sector will be overwritten, that is, all the modifications you've made will be installed on the disk

Because this a pretty final step to take, there is a safeguard. Before it writes to disk the program asks you if you are sure that is what you want

## **TEXT ENHANCER**

Text screens don't have to be boring. Soup up your program presentation with this suite of Basic routines.

By Steven Hammond

f you have written a Basic program that makes extensive use of text, then wouldn't it look a lot more interesting if you could print the text in different ways, rather than relying on just a boring old PRINT statement?

Well thought so, so I have written a Basic sub-routine to do just this The routine allows you to vary the speed at which text will be printed, with or without keyclick noises. It will also provide a moving cursor of various types to go with the printout if you wish it Text. Enhancer also provides a special

effects to improve text presentation You can specify that the text will fade in different colours, and the speed of this can be varied Text can also be faded out. A fast fade in and/or out will give you a flash effect.

Text Enhancer will provide you with a demo if you run it from the Menu More importantly you will want to merge the routine with your own Basic programs (see box). To do this, it is necessary to have some idea about how the program works.

## How it works The main sub-routine is at line 50000, and

can therefore, of course, be called by GOSUB 50000. Two further sub-routines at Imes 1010 and 1000 provide one-second delay loops. The latter combines the delay with a clear screen function.

function
To use the main routine, first place the text to be printed in string AS Variables X and Y contain the X and Y coordinates of the text and string PS contains all the format parameters for

An example of the format string PS would be "WUTU00" Each character represents one

output parameter
The first character specifies the colour that
the text will be printed in The full set of colours
is not used for reasons that will be explained
later. Permissible values are.

W White B Blue

G Green R Red Y Yellow

The second parameter tells the routine whether or not the text is to fade. A "L" here will provide an upward fade, a "D" a downward fade, and "N" no fade at all.

The fade uses different shades of the same colour. This is why the full colour set can tibe used. With an upward blue fade, the text is first printed in blue, then light blue, then cyan, then white. Not all colours, for example prown, have corresponding light stades.

Parameter three simply tells the program whether or not to underline the text. All here will provide underlining a zero will mean none.

The fourth parameter takes the same range.

The fourth parameter takes the same range of values as parameter two, but the fading effect now applies to the underline, if present.

The fifth flag is another on/off switch, it specifies whether or not the text is to be printed all at once, or one letter at a time, teleprinter style, and the values are zero or one. One turns on the teleprinter effect.

The such and final parameter toggles the mong cursor on anoff, depending whether a one or zero is used. The default value for the cursor is a solid block, but this can be aftered. If you want a different chraracter for the cursor then you put the appropriate character in PS after the six parameters. For example, PS as "WNONI! \*" would

provide an asterisk cursor

If fade is used on text, the teleprinter effect

infaile is used on text, one telephinise electcannot be enabled, and the oursor can't be toggled on without that effect, it's all common sense really.

The delay variables are very useful. The first

nne Bedy variables are very vector. In removane, B.D. stores the delay between the characters being printed when teleprinter mode is enabled Variable D is a delayused for the fade Finally setting variable 5 to a 1 will give an audible click between characters in teleprint mode. An exemple call of the routine would be

Ter Example des er ere recent trooms o

10 AS "EXAMPLE TEXT" 20 PS "BUON00" X 10 Y 10 30 GOSUB 50000

#### Merging it in

To merge the rounce into your own program. It is necessary to reset the Start of Basic locations in your CA4 to the end of your current program ends from PEEKing in locations. If you carrent program ends from PEEKing in locations SI and SI 2 you then set the Start of Basic locations. 43 and 44 to these values and perform a non-menu LOAD. Once the routine has loaded, you POKE 01 into 43 and 08 miles and 41 to get your cingnist program and back.

#### LOADING THE ROUTINE

The Printer-is in two parts. To load outside the menu, LOAD "TEXT ENHANCER", 8 followed by RUN will run the demo, and LOAD "TXT ENHANCER SUB", 8 (no 'E') will just load the sub-routine.



## **MOBSTER**

Can you manage a gang of Chicago hoods without getting plugged in the back by your own side? This game is literally murder

By Richard Beaven



strategy game set in the dogeat-dog world of 1920s Chicago As the boss of a small gang of disgruntled thugs, your ambition is to claw your way up the slippery ladder of organised crime by taking on

- members shotquns
- packets of drugs

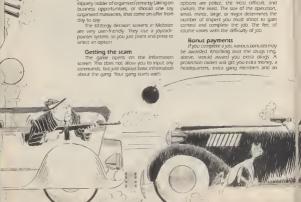
The gang's overall morale is 5 and each member is being paid \$15 per day. Your total starting capital is \$500

Money makes the underworld go round This is what you're trying to gain, and once you've got it you can spend it on weapons, paying off gang members, new limousines to carry them, and drugs which can be pushed at a profit or used

To get money, you must take on one of the lobs' on offer, or sell some of your stack of drugs Every day, four different jobs are on offer To view these, select the VIEW JOBS option using the pointer A specimen job -might read

JOB ET TAKE OUT A MINOR MAFIA DRUGS RING ON 44TH STREET FOR \$2407

Mafia hoods are moderately skilled and therefore hard to go up against. The other options are police, the most difficult, and civilian, the least. The size of the operation, small, minor, large, or major determines the control and complete the job. The fee, of



operation, extra weapons. You don't always get the bonus

To accept a job, you select one from the View Orders menu Just point to the job you want and press fire. This menu also allows you to buy and sell drugs and issue them to the gang, and purchase other things such as weapons and cars, providing you have the money You can also increase the gang members wages, if they are getting restless

When you have selected a job, you can choose the resources you wish to devote to it, including gang members and imps. Remember you can only get six gang members in one limo You can also select how many weapons to use These can be shotguns or submachine guns. Submachine guns can fire faster, but are more

#### Into Combat

After selecting and equipping your force you proceed to the combat choice screen This allows you to Attack or Retreat. After every attack you return to this choice, but to attack you must have hoods and weapons left Retreating without completing the job may badly affect morale

Selecting Attack will get you into an arcade shoot-out. You will be faced with a view of the buildings holding the operation you are trying to take out. The enemy snipers will pop up in Windows and on roofs, and you must shoot as

The targetting cursor is a circle controlled by the cursor This is not the gunsight. however 'The sight is a set of cross-hairs which

Be careful not to waste ammo, as running out may lead to the loss of men and weapons If the snipers are left standing for too long, you may also take losses

If you shoot enough snipers, you get paid, chance of petting a bonus

#### Keep the boys happy

Bear in mind that morale is crucial if the gang's morale drops too low, the treacherous bunch may well shoot you in the back. At the very least, their performance drops. Morale

may be preserved by paying higher wages, or issuing some of your stash of drugs to the gang



## 3 INTO 1 PLUS

We present what is probably the most sophisticated graphics designer that you'll ever need.

By Tony Crowther

The vast majority of computer programmers probably have a diverse range of graphics aids. These may include screen editors, character editors or sprite editors. The only problem is that none of them can carry out all the functions that the programmer requires. Obviously, the only way around this is to use a number of programs to produce one

For example, if you were writing a game you would use a character editor to produce user defined characters. You would then use these to produce the actual background for the game. A spirite editor would be used to produce the sprites. Wouldn't it be easier if it could be done with one program which encompassed all the functions you will ever need? Hence the both of the 3 IN J EDITOR

3 IN I consists of a sonte editor that has provision for multicolour and hi-res sprites Spintes can be animated, copied, positioned on top of each other etc. Within the program there is also a combined character and background editor. What makes this part of the program so special is that you are not limited to designing just single screens but it is possible to define screens that take up to 32K of the computer's memory

The editing screens acts as a small window that can be moved over a much larger area Until now most scrolling screens were designed as individual pictures and 'stuck' one next to the other at a later date

The 3 IN 1 EDITOR has already aroused much interest in programming circles and



many programmers are using it to help them design games. The complete editor program is on the disk so that is is available to anyone who is Interested in graphics.

Using the Program

Once you have loaded the program and started it running, (with SYS 5)500) you will be presented with the editor's main menu which offers the following options.

- 1) SPRITE EDITOR
- 21 CHAR/SCREEN EDITOR
- 31 DISK COMMANDS
- 5) DISK REPORT 61 SAVE EDITOR
- 71 LOAD

Pressing the corresponding key will call up the specified function. Options 1 and 2 call up the sprite editor and the character/background editor respectively. These will be explained in their own sections later on.

Option 3 allows you to send the standard disk instructions to your disk drive. If you are unsure of what the commands are I have listed the main ones in Flgure 1

The DIR function will display a directory listing from any disk in the drive However, because '31 Ni, only uses program files (Le PRG) then only this type of file is listed to the screen. Also the size of the file is not given as it is not really that important

Just in case you ever have any disk errors, I have included Option 5 which will read the error channel of the disk drive and report any

Option 6 is extremely important. This function allows you to make more copies of the program If you use this function then you will be prompted for the filename that you wish to call the program by The default output device when you load this program is disk. If you are using tape then you will need to change the output device. This is done by pressing FI. You will be able to tell which is currently being used for output as both this option and Option 7 will have either a 'I' or an 'B' after them A 'I' specifies an output device of 1 i.e. cassette while an 'B' means device B which is disk.

The final command available from the main menu is LOAD. This will LOAD the specified file into the same area of memory that it was saved from This means that you can load any of the files created with the editor programs from the main menu.

#### Using the Editors Before I take a close look at the individual

editor programs it is worth pointing out a few

Firstly all numerical Inputs and outputs are In HEX This is because most programmers work in hexadecimal since it is a lot easier when writing machine code than using decimal Since this program was designed as a programme's tool it is obvious that it should use HEX. All inputs must be made up to two or four digits e.g. '00' or '0003'

Mainy of tine functions can be controlled by either the curson keys or a jostick in port two. Since the joystick only has one fire button and it may need to either erase or set points. the FT key is used to select its operation Both editors indicate whether the joystick is in DRAW made or erast (DEL) mode Take a look at the labelled pictures of both editors to see where the flogs are:

As with the main menu the device for output can be either an 8 or 1. This can be changed from the pull down menu (F7) Again look at the pictures in order to see where the flag can be found.

#### The Sprite Editor

The sprite editor aways you to edit sprites in other multi-colour or hires mode Sprites SAQ to SFF can be edited with the editor lifyou are unsure about sprite numbers then suggest that you read the section on sprites in the C&F manual. If you take a look at the picture you will see that there is quite a lot of information on the screen.

Firstly we have the actual sprite colding screen This display a blown up resist on of the sprite being edited if you choose multicolour then the honorantal resolution will have exactly the same as with multicolour sprites. White most sprite editions you causaly design the sprite using the colour for each act. This combination of close produces when do loan combination of close sponduces when do loan Samply press one to there to select the editions colour and, they pressol daily dollow with It.

Colour changing is also extremely easy. Press shift one to five and the corresponding colour will go through all 16 possibilities Changing colour mode is also extremely easy choose the option required from the menu [F7]. If you want to reverse the spinte simply press CONTROL and R. Easy shift it?

It's not really worth mentioning all of the available commands since they are all listed in Figure 2. However, a few functions do need further explanation.

At the bottom right hand conner of the screen there are four sprites referred to as spirites zero to three Note these are NOT has spirites zero to three Note these are NOT has reference numbers for the four of the bottom of the sorreen Usually these four positions had the same spirites is that which is being extend it is possible to expand these spirites using the point leads simply select the desired option from the menu followed by the corresponding spirite points number (00-03).

Choosing POSITION from the menu followed

by a number allows you to move that numbered spite around the bottom of the screen. This means that you can position the four spirites next to each other or even overlap them. This may not seem all that useful as first but it is possible to make each of these four spites different. This means that you could define a large character of up to four spirites joining the spirites together at the bottom of



the screen so that you can see what they look like. It is even possible to ammate this section of the screen with the number option and the O and W keys. Choosing NLUMBER followed by 00 will cause each of the four spites at the bottom of the screen to become the same as the one-being edited ifficial to other hand after you enter a number greater than 00 you can set up animations.

Animation is quite difficult to explain and is best figured out with practice. However I will do my best to explain how to set up and use this special animation function.

When you enter a number greater than 00 for the number of animations after choosing NUMBER the sprites at the bottom of the screen will change If, for example, we had entered 01 and the current sprite was SAO. sprite 0 would be the same as the actual sprite SAO Sprite Of will be the same as SA1, Sprite 02 will be the same as SA2 etc. If we now press the keys W and Q we can increment and decrement the sprite numbers at the bottom of the screen giving the appearance of animation If we press 'W', Sprite 00 will become actual sonte SA1. Sonte 01 will become actual sonte SAZ etc. If we had entered 04 after a CONTROL N instruction then the sprites would be incremented by four every time you pressed the 'W' KEY, 1e' spnte 00 would become \$A4 Sprite OI would become \$A5 etc.

I did say that this form of animation was complicated but if you try it then I'm sure that it will all fall into place

Just in case you have problems with this pipe of armansh othere as simple from. Their is the ANIAMATE instruction. This instruction is the ANIAMATE instruction. This instruction will change all the spines on the screen, including the large ending screen, in increments of one or a preset length. When you chose ANIAMATE you will be prompted at the top of the screen force places in the sequence of the screen of the sequence of the screen of the scre

Disk Commands

to Intention disk

vo validate disk

Romana, id Format disk

Romanaman-Coldana Sename (ila

### CHARACTER / SCREEN EDITOR

Move cursor

Drew point

Dalete colat Joystick fire function Next character Previous character Conv cherecter Goto cherecter Salact current coloar Chenea colours Eleer cherecter Scroll cherecter laft Scroll charecter right Scroll cherecter up Scroll character down File on 9 axis File on X uxis **Ravarsa** cherecter Juma to beckground window

#### Bechfround Anda

Feft Arrow Cursors Datarn

Set top left of block Nove size of block Set block Get cherecter under cursor Place selected cherecter

F 7

SWAP COLOUR DASE ADDRESS FFICH CHARACTERS

COPY SPRITE

Dring de menu

Swee multi colours over Set stert of beckground Set where characters ere in memory. ECOO is normal set. Cursors to move block. PETUDN to relect RUN/STOP to exit The spinte that is in the editing window can be moved within the editing grid with the keys specified elsewhere in this article

if WRAP-ON is set what disappears off of one edge of the editing grid will appear at the opposite edge. If WRAP-ON is set then anything moved off the grid is lost.

Characters and Sprites

The option that may seem a little strange is the ability to turn characters into sprites. The puil down menu option CHAR-BANK is used to specify which character bank you want to look at Should you want the normal Commodore characters then enter D000 at the primote.

the prompt.

COPY CHARS is used to position the desired divarcetes in the spinle gnd Whenthis popion in selected a large space will appear in the spinle editing gnd. This can be movied by the spinle editing gnd. This can be movied to the spinle country of the spinle country of the spinle country of the spinle press SPETURN. You want to appear in the spinle Try this using the character set all DODG and you'll soon see what this option does I be RIV/STOP to cut the COPY CHARS option.

All change

at is possible to disage one multi colour to another with the SWAP CCLUD(by option on the pull down menu. When selected this option presents you with the three properties of the colour you want to swap and press return lique cursor left/inght to move arrow to the colour you want to swap and press return lique cursor left/inght to move arrow] now select the second colour in the arrow to the colour you want to swap and same way. When RTURN's a present the two same way. When RTURN's a present the two same way. When RTURN's a present the two task this option when dealing with herec, use the reverse option (TCRI, R) instead.

Character Screen Editor

Both of these editors are present on the same screen. The top half is the character editor while the bottom is used as a small window over a larger screen.

Quite a lot of information is present on this screen and it is worth studying the commented picture in order to find where everything is

everyuming is Again it is worth looking at some of the available commands in more detail, assummary of them all can be found in Figure 3

As with the spirite editor, characters can be edited in either multi-colour or hi-res mode, colours being chosen and changed as in the spirite editor.

Once you have entered a character you can place it anywhere within a defined

background in the background editor. The 'J' key is used to move control between either the character editor or the background editor. You can see which mode you are in by seeing which cursor is flashing.

The background see is defined with the WINDOW SEE option and the window can be anything from two by two chracters upwards, the maximum in either detection being SEFFF Obvoiusly your screen see is intend by the another of memory available lift then you will have to entire new values. I have made up to 32 Kol memory available for the window thought "may see that you will find data to use you very rarely use this much. The two numbers with the middle of the screen, after the starts and findhes in memory.

One very Important consideration for games programmers is where they are actually going to put their screen. The ARSE ADDRESS option will prompt you for the base address of the backgrounds of that you can move it where you want. Do make sure that you don't overwrite any other programs in memory, such as the existing.

You may think that it is a futle himsing to just see a small section of your total graphics screen at one time. I have therefore included the 'W' command which will switch to a full screen display in which you can move around the background, movement being controlled by the cursor kess only.

It is possible to set up a border character which is displayed around the smaller editing window. I usually leave this blank though you may try different effects by putting fancy borders around the screen This does not apply to the control of the control of the control of the felt when the control of the control of the felt when the control of the control of the felt when the control of the control of the felt when the control of the control of the felt when the control of the control of the felt when the control of the felt when the control of the felt when the control of felt when the control

#### Painting a large area

When producing backgrounds it is quite used for large areas of the background to be repeated elsewhere in the backdrop. A GRAB option is available that will allowyou to grab a rectangular area of the backdrop and copy it

To use this mode you should be In the background editing section of the character editor. Move the cursor to where the top left of the block to be copied is and press the left arrow key top night of the keyboard! Use the cursor keys to move to the bottom night of the acra to be copied, and the rectangular area to be copied, and the rectangular area to be copied, and the rectangular area to the copied to t

pressing \*\* RUN/STOP is used to exit this mode

#### Saving and Loading

As I said earlier, it is possible to load any type of file into memory from the man men. If it is also possible to load any type of file from within any of the other editors as well. However the I/O device is separate in each editor so you must change it in each section of the program.

Even though you can LOAD in any type of data from within any section of the program, you can only save each type of data from the correct editor. You must therefore be in the character editor in order to SAVE your use defined graphics. You must be in the sprite and you must be in the background editor in order to save background.

#### Note

When you design a background, make sure that you keep a note of the screen size that is defined, since a screen that is supposed to be 20 characters wide will look rather silly if the screen is set to 21 characters.

That just about sums it up for the sprite editor I'm sure that you will find it very easy to use with a firth practice and that you will find most of the instructions that you are ever likely to need.

#### SPRITE EDITOR

Acst functions as for Character / Bechground Editor

£7 Briog so wens

CHAE-BANK Where cherecters are stored taxed by COPY-CHAE! COPY-CHAE Copy characters into sorite.

COPY-CHAR
Comy characters into socite.
Use Cursors to move. EFIDEN
to place and EUN/SIOP to exit.
NEAP-SFI L.E.U.D wree around DN / OFF
ANNAIF Use F to seed us. S to slow down



It's thrills and spills all the way with this demanding

By Ting Zwei Kuei

ow you can savour the thrill of skring in the warmth of your own home, and without risking the nasty inconvenience of a broken leg or two Just load up Ski Run. and it's off down the mountain slopes

job is to quide the player between the flack. and if you make it successfully they will turn from red to pink Missing four gates will disqualify you, as will a collision with a tree. besides being painful.

Watch the speed, as your skier will slow down gradually if you supply no acceleration If you complete the slope, you will be presented with a Best Time Table, and if you've set a record you can input your name by selecting letters using the joystick left/right and fire button

Good luck and watch out for those trees!



CONTROLS (joystick in Port 2) Fire: Start game

Left: Guide skier left

Right: Guide skier right Up: Accelerate

Down: Decelerate



## SPRITE PRINTER

Do you want to get a closer look at your Commodore's sprites? This little program lets you examine them in detail

By Gary Mayhew

it's often hard to see how spites are constructed just by looking at the sprites themselves. Spite Printer enlarges the sprite memory areas of the Commodore and displays them onsereen or gives you the option of printing them out.

After you have loaded the program from the menu, it displays a large box on the screen, showing whatever is in sprite number 128. The sprite number is displayed at the top of the screen.

As you may know, the sprite pointer points to the 46 type blook of memory in which the current sprite is conceived. To change the from basic, you would normally PORV waters into the eight memory locations from Hex. 2040 to 2047, one location for each sprite. With this program, however, you can simply flock through the blooks, bookwards and of overerow. And the commodities the commodities of the commodities of the commodities of the commodities by white doing this will jump in tests of ten. The O'ley will proudle a hard copy if a printer is connected.

Remember, if you want to look at your own sprites, it is important to load the appropriate data before loading the Menu or Sprite Printer

#### CONTROL KEYS

- + Increase the sonte pointer by one
- D Dumps the sprite displayed onscreen to a
- O Receip the markets

#### LOADING THE PROGRAM

To load the program outside the Menu, just enter LOAD "SPRITE PRINTER", 9, 1, followed by SYS 49152







## **COMPUNET CULTURE**

Compunet, the online network for Commodore users, is not so much a communications network as a way of life We look at what it has to offer

By David Bain

Every night, hundreds of normal, sane Commodore users up and down the country forego their joysticks and paddles, to spend an hour or so on Compunet, a communications network specifically designed for the Commodore 64 But how can a few beeps and bips down a phone line possibly real the latest chart toponip software?



Well, in actual fact, these beeps and bigs can be converted into almost anything ranging from a an on-line chat with your Aunty Ethelin the lise of Wight to a totally free demonstration program featuring music, full screen animation and speech!

Compunet is a huge, on-line database of information, throug, some fitton, software, reviews and much, much more. You name it and Compunet (or Cnet as it's affectionately knownit) will probably provide it. And if they can't provide it then you can, because every single Cnet user is allowed to send or in Cnet terms. Upload! anything they choose on to the system.

#### Freedom of information

This freedom to upload has given rise to a very wide selection of information available, from astronomy to keeping pees and from sport at the way through to ghost busing jalthough the 'Ghost busies' send to flow no in that term and would rather be called professional parapsychologists.]

But that's not the end of the story It's just

as easy to send your own programs that you've sweated over on to the system for all the other users to see - the money conscious out there may even charge for them!

The commonest type of program which is uploaded onto Compunet is probably The Demo A demo is essentially a demonstration of a computer's capabilities. At first sight, this sounds rather boring, but believe you me they're not The DH Lawrence Demo, Mental Moons and The Astronaut are the names of some of the most crazy. Once demos

However the most talked about demo of all time has got to be Thrust Concert. Thiss a four minute long extravaganza with an animated band playing along to a famous piece of Rob

Hubbard musi

A demo can range from a simple turne or pocture all the way through to fishing loggs, anazing screen animation effects and mind blowing graphiss! The people befund these demos are usually called Crew's and consist of a coder (who handles the often complex machine code part of the demo) and an artist (who draws the pictures and all other gaphics, including the Crew's looss!

Finally a demo crew usually has a musician, although many demos feature musical pieces hacked out of the latest software (thankfully the software companies don't appear to mind, after all, it's good publicity for their cames)!

#### Bog Standard

Perhaps the most famous type of demo on Compuner is the "Bog". The phrase was originally corned by a computer game reviewer way back in 1986. A bog demo consists of three man elements. The first is a picture, which is drawn by an artist (although some efforts leave a lot to be desired).

The second element of the demo is a piece of music. Liferinately, there is an acute shortage of original music composers on the card to include them crew is outsily severable, the third and most halted element of a horizontal socialing message which contains a missage from the programmer slong with a lew thousands helds to all the other demo crew. The short demonstrates the state of the contrained the short demonstrates the state of the contrained the short demonstrates the sho

In its type or demon is generally considered to be fold het, and fover worked four it hear't stopped many demo crews churning out tog after bog! Recently there has been a public outry against all bog standard demos and now their numbers are beginning to dwindle (personally I can't stand them).

Every single demo crew on Compunet

usually have their own name and often a unique style of demo! Take for instance, the Mean Team. These guys really are mean when it comes to writing demos. Every single one of their uploads is faultless in both execution and presentation.

The KERNAL (a play on wordst) is rather rare in being a one man show doing all the coding and graphics himself. His latest demos. are special tributes to programmers like Jeff Minter and Andrew Braybook, However you don't have to be part of a demo crew to achieve programming fame on Cnet. As well as the demo areas, there are sections (known as Directories) for your art and music uploads Skuzz aho Yogurt are among two of the many Cnet artists. Skuzz concentrates most on fantasy/scl-fi pics while Yoghurt Inot surprisingly bearing in mind his choice of namell tends to draw humourous pictures, such as his Bog roll pic (which I won't explain herel)

Android and Hagar are two musical composers on the net, writing music which is often far superior to many pieces bound in commercially available games following their uploads both of them have now been employed by software houses to write commercial music.

#### New Talent

With so much talent it's hardly surpraing that about thirty new demos are uploaded onto Compunet almost every dayl in fact, it's now become totally impossible to download all of the incedibly large number of demos available without running up an infinitely large phone ball!

For this reason, I started up a demo review area which has proved extremely popular Every demo reviewed receives marks for graphics, must and presentation (Bog demo are immediately criticated) Criet will place any demos that are rated every highly into the full of Fame directories where they will remain for all enternial.

all eternity!
There is, nevertheless, a more senous side to all this demo manial Software companies regularly stalk the demo sections searching for coders, artists and musicians and many demo crews have already been braced thanks to their demo uploads. When Compunet was first set up in business (way back in 1994) demos were a major Compunet success story and they still are today.

#### On-line chats

If you want to meet all these famous coders, artists and musicians then Partyline is the place for it. Partyline is Chet's on-line chat.

service (which according to the advertising hype, is the most advanced in the country)

Baryline may well be sophisticated, but it's deed early to be "simply pipe my our message, hat return and it's u for all the other partitions, the three many of the major makes it so special however, is the ability to choose your own name by using a special command. This you don't have to stock to your own normad. This you don't have to stock to your own normad. Don't make the stock to your own normad board many that it is not cally usually a synthaly usual crews, who other use. Purpore under their own crews name.

As well as the name command, Partyline also has the facility to 'create' your own rooms, at will Allyou do is simply name the room you wish to enter and birgol it's created with you in it! Some people use this system to have secret chass with each other by creating a room called Phate, however it doesn't always stop others, who enter the Private room out of cunosity."

All these extratouches give Partyline a kind of personal attriosphere which even encourages non-computer users to have an on-line chall Believe it or not but a love affair began on Partyline several months ago! The two people inholved now intend to be mainted (proving once again the buth in that old cliche—The power of compouters!)

Some of you may prefer to spend your time (and money) on Cnet's multi-user games. At present Cnet offer two MUD and Federation. MUD is the ongani version of Richard Bartie's famous Multi User Dungeon complete with gobbins, wizards and an extra section called The Valley.

Federation's aspacet proding game whensis still in its entity tages. The remarkable thing about Federation is that despite the fact attain properly available; et flour can due to a second number for a demonstration't there is a elevation weaponing, critical and ligis. There is en a group of rather underhand people known as the Blade Burners who can be employed to seek out and externinate anyone you choose (in the nices possible way of course).

# Glorious MUD

The Federation section on Cnet could member hope to match the sheer size of the MUD areas, which includes MUD gossp, deaths, maps, tips and notices. Every single aspect of

logo design (snown as abanner) at the top of each directory. This novelty gives each section on Cinet its own individually. The barner that appears in the Doctor Fogg section (which is an area with nothing but humour upbasely includes a little portrait of the infamous Or Fogg himself, who claims he is the director of a company called "Whoosh Lavative and."

Dr Fogg's section is now legendary having uploaded such stories as "Dr Fogg and Condom save the Universe" and "The Fogg guide to The Highway Code" which is not recommended for those learning to drive!

DF Foogs also alrown political figure and often uploads in Spondowner. Creft's answer to the Houses of Parliamenti During the last real election Cher had at so with three parties batting for the popular vate DF Foogswas one of the party leaders along with James Triompson (who kept essating throughout the whole affer that he was an Hill and Plasma, whole affer that he was an Hill and Plasma, but the state of the party leaders along up to provide the SDA, and sPDC in purely uncomported that the SDA, and sPDC in purely uncomported that the specific properties and the specific properties and the specific provides and the specific provides



MUD is covered right down to a secret Wizard's Directory that only wizards can enter (so I'll probably never see Itil

Why do these two games have such large sections devoted to them? Well principally because it's so easy to upload onto Chet that almost all the info is provided by the players themselves However (MILID or Federation are not really your scene then you could try one of Chet's many Play by Mail games (which are again unit by the users!)

The Companier mail-system is totally unique in the way that former can be specially prepared off-line using all the 64's bow-fee graphics facilities You might think this quite limiting. but recently many people have been colour and shadowing legible you've set of colour and shadowing legible. One netter called Greycel became so well known for his lowers logos that he was interviewed by his local revisipage.

All of Cnet's major areas carry a low-res

## The serious side

Note encything to be bound on Compuner by just for allund, Many sections have a signiful, more reflined and serious air, although no one ever lakes themselves too seriously. One of the most spoular directories at the intomers is the most popular directories at the intomers is the computer. Provider review and in Thanks to the ease of upinating, regular news updates magazine. And what is the section called TNot "Computer News" as you might think but. The Electric Fing Plates.

One of my favourite sections is Cosmos Cosmos holds all the science orientated areas circularing a very large astronomy section (with star maps and space news), Doctor Who and Blake's 7 directiones and the newest Cosmos section, Star Cops

If you ever get bored with Compunet, although it's unlikely, then you could always dip into the communications section and find out where the latest bulletin boards are

#### Money talks

Throughout this article I've been avoiding the one thing that seems to Infinite each and overy one of us in this world, yes, money Computer is not a charry and like all businesses it's out to make money Assuming the Interest of the avoid of the Interest of the Interest of the Interest of Inter

To access Compuner at present you must have a C40 or 128 with a Commoder mode but Compunet plan to make the service availlable via non-Commodore moderns by Christmas There should also be versions for the Atan ST and Amiga by the end of the year while PC users will have to wastull lined Spring! If you fancy getting onto Compunet then you can reach it on 01-979 Z591.

ompuret is a Mocra for software enthusass Besoles the Demo, the classic Creta ratiom (see our arride Compunet culture), many examples of iseful and/or-entertaining software are available to betters. The three examples prouded on our disk include a graphics utility, a stunning sound and light synthesiser, and a seasonal demo. They should cave you a feeling for the range of possibilities.

#### Draw

The first program, Draw, is by Chet user Jason Gold It is a sophisticated graphics utility, with a range of versatile and powerful

Draw is operated through a series of single key commands as follows:

L Une commands 8 Block commands O Draw mode E Erase mode I Invert mode

P Polygon S Sprites W Windows on/off A All-brush T Text

F1 Colour selection Shift/S Save F3 Cursor commands Shift/L Load I+8 Pixels per move Shift/P Filot with enjour on/off Z Zoom Shift/ CLR Clear screen

G Get screen colour. Use a joystick in port 2

# Line commands ...'L' Single lines:

Move the joystick to draw line and then press fire to finish the line. 'A' aborts at any time, and function can be changed to continuous lines by pressing 'C' while drawing the line.

#### Continuous lines: 'C'

Similar to single line except that when fire is pressed the cursor is moved to the current position and another line is drawn from the new cursor position Press °F to finish

# Rays: 'R'

The same as single lines but when fire is pressed, control of the line is retained and it can be moved to a new position and another line drawn from the same point. Press 'F' to

# Parallel lines Draw a line in the normal way and then

move the joystick after pressing fire and another line parallel to the first will be shown. Pressing fire again will draw more lines parallel to the first. Press. F. to finish

## Block commands ... 'B'

All times commands require the selection of an area of the socies to be aftered When a command is selected a small square (character size) will appear on the screen, moving the justices will make the area get bugger and smaller (night/down bugger, left/by smaller). If you keep life pressed and move the joyptick at the same time then the whole square will as a the same time then the whole square will assess per Persis. If no first selection and to contribut with the command.

Press 'A' to abort area selection

#### Mirror: 'M'

Mirrors the selected area about a verticle line. Moving the joystick repeats the command. Press 'F' to finish

Flip: F
Similar to mirror but the area is reflected about a horizontal line. Moving the joystick repeats the command, press F: to finish

#### Copy: 'C'

Copies and area of the screen from one place to another Once the area to be copied has been selected it can be moved around the screen until it's postboned correctly and then



press fire A number of options now become Cursor commands...'F3' available relating to now the block copied is placed on the screen

'OR' retains all data from both the screen and the area being copied

"BLOCK" retains only the data from the area being copied

'XOR' retains data only where the screen pixels or the block pixels are set.

'AND' retains data only where screen and block pixels coincide

#### Scroll: '5'

Scrolk an area with pixel precision in any direction. When selected you are asked if you want to scroll with wrap. If you arswer no to this then any data which scrolls off of the area selected will be last. If you answer yes then the data reappears on the opposite side of the area. To scroli the area simply move the joystick and the area will scroll in that direction Press fire to finish

#### Reverse: 'R'

Reverses the area selected by inverting all the pixels. Moving the joystick repeatedly. reverses the area. Press fire to firish.

#### Colour: 'O' Sets the ink and paper colours in the area

selected to the current values Draw mode... 'D'

#### All commands such as line, polygon and fill now plot pixels when called

Erase mode... 'E' All commands now erase pixels.

# Invert mode... T

All commands now invert pixels and free hand drawing only allows one pixel to be toggled on/off for detailed work

#### Fill 'F'

Fills an enclosed area. The effect produced depends on the mode. When in draw mode it. can be used to set all the pixels in an area. When In erase mode it can be used to erase complex shapes

#### Colour selection...'FI'

The ink (foreground), paper (background) the border colours can be set using this command. Once the colour to be set has been chosen, a table of colours and codes will be displayed Just type the corresponding number to the colour you want and press RETURN

#### Size: 'S'

Move joystick to change size of cursor, fire

#### Cursor on/off: 'O'

Vanes the rate at which the cursor accelerates to It's maximum speed

#### 1-8...

Pressing the number of keys 1-8 changes the number of pixels moved by the cursor at each movement of the joystick. Also effects commands like polygon, line and zoom.

#### 200m...'Z'

Magnifies the screen to allow easy editing with pixel precision. While in this mode the 'D'. 'E' and 'I' keys still function to allow changes in the drawing mode without leaving the mode and then returning. The colour attributes are also magnified. 'F3' can be used to change the

# cursor speed. Undo..."

This function returns the screen contents to its' state before the last command.

#### Polygon...'P'

Draw a polygon on the screen with any number of sides, although having a very large number of sides makes the polygon look like a circle. If less than three sides are selected then a circle is drawn

A number of options are available while this function is being used, you may rotate, move, change the number of sides and the size in the X and Y planes of the polygon. A small polygon appears which cannot be affected by moving the joystick, you must first select one of the following options.

- Change, the number of sides move the joystick left and right to change the number of sides
- Changing the size-moving the joystick in any direction changes the size of the polygon
- Rotate-rotates the polygon about its centre. Move the joystick left and right to
- rotate in opposite directions Move-allows the polygon to be moved about the screen with pixel precision

Pressing fire once an option has been selected finishes the polygon and returns control to the main cursor

Once one option has been selected,

another can be selected simply by pressing the appropriate key. Pressing 1-8 changes the increments by which the above options change each time.

## SPRITES...'S'

The 8 hardware sprites can be used in any picture and provide an easy method of getting around the limits of the colour resolution in Hires mode.

Again, a number of options are available to the user

I ENABLE SPRITE- allows you to turn on sprites. You will be asked for a number between 0 and 7, this is the sprite number and before a sprite can be used it must be enabled. 2. DISABLE. SPRITE- has the opposite.

effect of enable in that it turns sprites off 3 SHAPE allows you to set the shape of a sprite. The sprite will appear as a fleating square and it can be moved around the screen under joystoc control Position the sprite over the shape you want it to take and press fire. The sprite will then become the shape will be the some.

underneath it. Press E' to finish

4 COLOUR SPRITE- Select which sprite you want to set the colour of and then enter the colour in the normal way

5 POSITION SPRITE- Use the joystick to change the position of a selected sprite

#### IRCLESOUE

Going from the useful to the mand-blowing the second Computer program on our disk it film Rogers' Cardesque, a sound and light synthesise of some sophistication Rather than decorabe the indescribable feets we make you to LOAD it and see for yourself. Full instructions are provided in the program, and con the accessed by you exten Shirfly and loading debite doing anything, however, was for the program in axis you to press the good program and asking you for the young program of the program of your program of the program of your program of the program of the program of program of the program of the program of the program of the program of p

Finally, just to show you what David Barn is talking about. Fireworks is a Compunet Demo with a distinctly seasonal flavour. RuiN it and

To run any of the Compunet programs independent of the menu, just type LOAD 'name''. Bland then RUN



# **GAMES REVIEWS**

hard look at the latest releases in the disk games market



## PHM PEGASUS

he Patrol Hydrofoil Missiecraft is a highspeed weapons platform on patrol in the has you at the helm!

Armed with a 76mm water cooled naval

oun. Harpoon or Gabriel duided missies and electronic counter measures as well as a rapid chaff disperser, you must engage the enemies

AT A GLANCE

Name: PHM Pegasus Supplier: Electronic Arts, Langley Business Centre, 12-49 Station Rd., Langley, Nr. Slough,

Berks \$1.3 8YN Tel 0753 49442 Graphics: action packed Sound: whoosh, bang, splash!

Playability: tough Addictiveness: let me at themi

of the free world in eight challenging scenarios that range from a practice session with live ammo to escorting a ship through the

the map screen and a 3D combat screen. The map screen is used to get into the action by moving your Hydrofoil over the scenario map as well as being a radar guide to the enemy You're not solely dependent on your own feeble radar but can also move two search. strategic side of the game you simply speed up time to up to 128 times normal speed. When you find the enemy patrol craft, missle convettes and helicopters you switch back to normal speed and to the combat screen.

The combat screen includes the instruments to pilot the hydrofoil manually as well as a damage display and radar, a 3D view view through binoculars of any locked-on target so you can find out what it is before you

It's tempting to sail the seas blasting anything and everything that you find but you should only attack the enemy and make sure you don't run out of ammo (you only get eight. missiles and a 400 shot gunl before you've

Most missions are also timed and must be completed in a set number of hours otherwise they will be lost even if you're the only graft left.

Pegasus isn't an easy craft to fight with decisions must be made at top speed as that's few missions to perfect your tactics and stay the distance. A good game that just falls short

# CHESSMASTER 2000

where is something immensely satisfying about beating a computer at chess Proving to yourself that a human is still the master if the machine Conversely, should the fates conspire against you and you come off to no avail. You know that you have lost to a better player and the fact that it is a nonhuman opponent makes the pill all the more

Chessmaster 2000 is a package designed

stable of us. Not that that is a criticism. Far program currently available on the C64 It doesn't just beat you, it overwhelms you. If you manage to hold your own against it, you can always set the playing level a little bit harder Demoralising it may be, but it's the only way to

Of course, there may be occasions when you do not want to be obliterated by advancing phalarixes of pawns. Again, there is you feel like a more relaxed style of play, the coffeehouse rather than tournament mode Not only is CM the strongest apponent currently available, there are more options available than the number of moves it usually takes to beat me

Two or three dimensional board, Joystick or keyboard options, changing the background colours, rotating the board and altering the speed at which you replay games are just a few of your choices. These are all committee this plant is the speed at which you replay games are just a few of your choices. These are all committee in the strength of the second to the second the second to the second that second the second t

You can set up any position that you wantideal for solving newspaper problems. You can save and restore favourite games, display all your legal moves and even, shame on you, get

It is difficult to find systemic adverse to sysatour CM. The display is excellent in both models allowed the systemic terminal process models allowed the systemic terminal process comprehense as you could want and the playing ashly, superb. Should you get dekulors of grandeur and funcy yourself as a latter day Bothy Rether, there as second disk included in the package containing 100 classes, awares for you to study at your flessive.

If you are in the market for a chess program, look no further Chessmaster 2000 is in a league of its own.



# AT A GLANCE

Name: Chessmaster 2000

Supplier: Electronic Arts. Langley Business Centre. II-49 Station Road, Langley, Nr Slough, Berks, SL3 8YN Tel (0753) 49442 Price: El4-95

Graphics: excellent display

Sound: some annoying bleeps but they can be toggled off.

Addictiveness: the best chess program

available for your 64

Plavability: all the options you are ever likely

m y

## DEFENDER OF THE CROWN

with Exing is deadl Long live the Kingl Who will be Kingl That's up to you as you take up your sword to do battle with two other Saxon Lords and three Normanusurpers who all desire the thrope of England

Each Lord has three abilities that decide his powers in the game that range from strong to weak A strong leader will inspire his troops in the field of hattle, a good swordsman will able to plunder enemy castles and gain wealth and mapbe even rescue a damsel in district, when the strong strong strong and and provided the strong strong strong and and the strong strong strong strong strong strong when the strong strong strong strong to the strong strong strong strong to the tour manests.

Each turn for month) you will receive monthly so will receive mony for each part of Merry England that you own and from this wealth you must rase the army of soldiers and knights to flight for the throne. Soldiers are cheap and expendatele but necessary to defend your castle (it's difficult to a kinglist to get his steed up onto the ramparts).

but in the field of battle the more expensive knights win the day

Conquest is just one of the actions you can do in a turn, as you can also buy more troops to defend your castle, hold a tournament to joust for fame or land or raid and enemy castle.

When you raid an enemy castle you send only your best swordmen and together you take on the castle guards. The others are only there to make up the rumbers as it's the fights through door to be uccome of the mission. By timing your joystick moves between thrusting button presses and parying joystick moves you should were away your opponents energy bear and still have some of yours left.

Inside the castle you meet a second, tougher, guard who you must beat and force up the stars. Defeat him and you'll get the look and maybe even rescue a Saxon damsel in distress. However, should you lose, then you're kidnapped and released after payment.



if you hold a tournament then all the Lords will come and do chivalrous battle with horse and lance. You can take a specific Lord in a Joust and wager fame (which affects your A fanfare of trumpets opens the tournament and you and your opponent ride to opposite ends and face each other The signal is given and your horse leaps into life. As you thunder towards your adversary you wait to time your blow to aim it on his shield. Now! You catch him off balance and win the day

can lose hard fought land with a single blow of a lance you can lose money by paying ransom. for failed raids, and while your army is out highting in some distant battle your castle can be lost if it's left undefended. However, if you

that you'll have to face. Nobody said it was going to be easy to win the throne

You have one ace in the hole. He lives in Sherwood forest actually, and will help you three times during the game and give you more so even Robin Hood can't save a poorly

I found the best tactics were to send possible which will earn enough to build a better force to defend the castle while you go That's the theory, all I have to do now is put it

Defender of the Crown is an excellent conversion of the original Amiga game that loaded from disk to keep the action going You've read about the game, now play iti

AT A GLANCE

Name: Defender of the Crown.

Supplier: Mirrorsoft, Athene House, 66-73 Shoe Lane, London EC4P 4AB Tel 01-377 4645

Price: £14 95

Graphics: they call it cinemaware Sound: fanfare for a would be King Playability: a good strategy, war, arcade

Addictiveness: down with the Normansi



flight simulator, this game jets you fly squadron As a combat simulator it lets the enermy blow you to bits as you take on

Your targets in nineteen missions are the oilfields of Picesti in Rumania that fuelled Hitler's war machine Your mission is to bomb them and shorten the war

You begin the game with 40 fully armed. plane is waiting on the runway ready for takeoff which you achieve with a few simple keyboard presses. Once airborne you must circle the airfield while the rest of your

that you don't lose any bombers on the way to the target and rendezvous with the fighter escort. The fighters will take care of any enemy course at the right speed as you have to rendezvous with three different escorts and they re wasting their fuel waiting for you

As you approach the target you should reduce height and throttle control to reach the away when you're over the target. To inflict

the most damage you need to get as many bombers as you can over the target at the right altitude and speed then get them clear. As the bombs explode you should get your squadron. away from the target as quickly as you dare before the long journey home to base and rendezvous with three more fighter escorts

if you're even siightly out with just one part of the mission you could leave your squadron. open to enemy attack or suffer unnecessary damage such as lost planes through flying too low over mountains or over-stretching engines

to reach a missed escort.

You've got just 19 missions to destroy all two targets so you haven't got much room for error Damaged planes will be repaired but this takes time and you'll fly at least some of the missions with only a handful of planes it's a sobering thought that the historical squadron of 60 B24's that flew the actual missions only survived with just four africaft.

The game box contains the disk as well as a map to plan your route to rendezvous with escorts and avoid the most heavily defended cities, an historical account of the missions and an instruction book with directions to get you through a training mission.

The game is a strategic representation of the missions which assumes that a squadron leader knows how to fly a plane and so reduces the controls to a few key presses. This doesn't mean that you won't have plenty to do excorts and complete the bombing run.

The graphics are crude but functional and only show your squadron as three planes that



## AT A GLANCE

Name: 824

Supplier: SSI/US Gold, Units 2/3 Holford Way, Holford, Birmingham B6 7AX Tel 021-

Price: FIG 99 Graphics: jerky

Sound: hummm Playability: tough

Addictiveness: you'll soon run out of missions

move rerigily across static screens accompanied by the hum of the engines B24 is a good game which gets incredibly tough when you have to fly mission four with

Moebius - The Orb of Celestial Harmony

graphics we can teach the Yanks a thing or two but there's a lot they could teach us about strategy. The cross-fertilisation of ideas seems to be happening with the advent of Moebius which contains realistic action screens as well as the usual map adventure

Moebius lives in the Far East in the days of Warlords, Ninja and magic. His Orb of Celestial Harmony has been stolen by Kaimen, the Evil One who has taken it to the Realm of Fire where Moebius cannot go A young acolyte is called for who can fight the legion of foes who lie between the Realm of Earth and the Realm of Fire

First the chosen one must be trained How can Moebius the Windwalker entrust a novice with such a quest? And so it is that the start of the game finds you in the training school where you must become adept at all of the fighting skills required before Moebius will let

you commence your journey The three skills required are hand to hand combat, swordfighting and mastery over magic. The skills can be practised on any of nine levels but be advised and concentrate on the higher levels because the foes you meet in the game can be mean really mean! Try to tackle each foe with his own weapon. After all, using the sword against an unarmed Ninja

The training sequences are displayed in



pseudo 3D scenes as in games like Exploding Fist and Fighting Warnor The reaction of your combatant is slow in comparison to these games and the range of blows limited J shouldn't complain, it's an improvement on the usual attempts at adventures with animation. At least the Americans are trying,

bless 'em

When you have successfully pummelied the unarmed assassin, sliced up the sword wielding palace guard and mastered the magic arts, Moebius will allow you to attempt your

After a bit of disk changing (prompted by commands such as 'Please put Side 2 in the Many: Box'll, the second disk change loads the Realm of Earth. The view is limited to a heavily iconised screen which seems to be 90[ vegetation. This is where your sword becomes hacking your way through the undergrowth in search of food, water, treasure chests and the way out! To help you you have an overall map of the

Realm which shows the shape of the land and the buildings. Added to this there is a Memory Map which shows a slightly larger area than the normal screen display with icons representing all that is around you

It's not long before you get that feeling that you're not alone. Usually this happens when a tiger bounds up to show off his many talons Later you meet Iriends and loes. The friends may or may not assist you with gifts and words of wisdom but the foes are much more reliable and will always try to separate your soul from your body.

Shrines often house evil monks who need to be fireballed to death. Although you can blast them in the shane you lose this power in the outside world. Unfortunately, they don't and will blast you wherever they find you and can turn the forest into Dodge City

In dark comers the assassins lie in wait, on palace forecourts lurk the guards. Meet one of these and you will enter the action screens where you have to keyboard them to death with all the skills you learned at training

Moebius The Orb of Celestial harmony is contained on two double sided disks. This means a lot of disk swapping and flipping but I didn't find this flip flopping about at all intrusive. It seems that each side is a complete module. In other words, when you move from the training school to the adventure you have to change the disk at the start but don't have to touch it again until you meet your doom or decide you want to save your position after a hard day's fighting

Five characters can be created and stored on disk ready for use but they cannot travel as a team. Each character must venture alone on his quest and only three quests can be stored at a time. Why have five characters when you can only use three? Dead players are not wiped from the list until the player requests it so the extra two positions form a sort of high score table or posthumous role of honour

Moebius is much more of an action game than any of the similar Origin System products we have seen over here so far. There's never a dull moment and the instruction manual is written like a novelette to the high standard we have come to expect. Apart from the game you get a genuine imitation acolyte headband and a large colour poster

I was dubious adout the Americans invading our software market with their cerebral software but Moebius is a punchy strategy adventure with a sharp edge to it.

AT-A-GLANCE

Name: Moebius - The Orb of Celestral Harmony

Supplier: Origina/Microprose, 2 Market place, Tetbury, Gloucestershire GL8 8DA Tel Price: EI9 95

Graphics: Improvement on normal American

Sound: Mainly bleeps but nice music at the Playability: Slow but sure

Addictiveness: Creeps up and grabs you

These are games which completely sum up the difference between the US and UK approaches to software. They both show abysmal presentation and have all the use-frendliness of a comered rat, but for all that they possess an undenable addictiveness, simply because of the thoroughness of the underhild procramming.

Battlecruiser and Warship are both tactical national simulations from Strategic Simulations, inc., which has being doing this sort of program for many ayear, mostly on the Apple III They are both based on the same program logic, and effectively simply load different

scerarios
Battlecruiser simulates Atlantic battles for
two historical periods, World Wars! and II,
while Warship covers WWII Pacific battles. The
first program really is the better value in this
respect, as the two different periods use both
sides of the disk.

Besides the preset scenarios which both generating softer, you can set up your own games in incredible detail. Each waship, and you can have up to twenty per side, can be specified right down to the smallest gun. Factors such as deck and belt amour, maximum speed and fire control accuracy are also controllable.

When it comes to play, well there isn't a lot to see. These really do look like Apple II games from about 1978. The ships swan around the screen as elongated blobs, and the keypress system of control is unincessarily complicated it would have been a straightforward matter to put things under joystic control.

Ships can be controlled individually or allocated to one of up to mere absciss. It's far easier to keep things under control by the latter method. Targets can be allocated and speeds and courses plotted by the same system. Play proceeds in the minute gametime chunks, at the end of each of which you can intervene and change the roth.

To add one final criticism, the result is



# AT-A-GLANCE

Name: Battlecruiser/Warship

Supplier: SSI
Price: Battlecruiser E24 99 Warship E29 99

Graphics: I don't even know if I'd call them that

Sound: Distant gunfire interspersed with the odd bleep

Playability: Annoyingly clumsy system of control Addictiveness: If you like naval simulations

Addictiveness: If you like naval simulation (which I do) then it's extremely compulsive

somewhat slow and halting, but somehow the game transcends all this and can become odely addictive. There is something hypnotic about watching the rival formations swill in and out of each other's visibility ranges, while the program tots up the gun hits on each vessel in bedantic detail.

This is a fascinating game, particularly given the shortage of naval simulations. But it is seriously flawed by naff presentation and a clumsy keyboard interface.











# **DISK DUNGEONS**

Our resident crazed dwarf holds forth on the world of adventuring By Grontol The Mad

eng given two blank pages by the editor and told to fill them with "something about adventures"; sounds like a dream come the Unit of the want for each about? Do you want short, snappy reserves, long, tedo, erhodpth reviews, news items, maps, hints, letters or what?

In the best traditions of cowardly journalism, I'm going to leave the decisions to you and invite you to write in telling fire what you think. There are two incentives. One, if you don't, you will have to suffer my random ramblings every issue and two, I, Crontol The Mad, will sit on the editor until the counts up.

some suitable prize for the best letter.

In the meantime, here are a few of my thoughts on the state of the industry today, which you may like to comment on, plus reviews of two recent releases that you may not have caught up with yet.

Shock waves

To start with, a singlet of news that will send shockwaves inpling through the industry inforcim are given a facilities that one global or her parent Appetering this in nor only games book exceedingly boring when demonstrated in histopic two days for enteresting to know whether this is more in response to the retailes or whether the emergence of companies like Magnetic Stock is beginning adventure house position.

For agoine who has been hibemating for the past few months, MS have released two games. The Pawn and Guild of Tineves (see reviews) which contain a number of full screen illustrations of a quality previously unknown in adventures. They range from excellent on the C64 to absolutely stunning on machines such as the Amelia.

The argument from companies like infoom land I used to be one of their most ardent supporters) was that no illustration could ever convey the atmosphere that they evoked from their text. The balance is definitely shifting though

One final thought on the subject. It is interesting to note that most of MSs pictures have been of locations rather than creatures and I believe this is the right poley. I show in my mind exactly what an orc looks like and get very disappointed if I see a picture that disagrees with my view for some things, the power of imagination will always reign supreme.

Back to the future

What is the lature of adventures? I don't mean that they might disapper but what will they look like in a few years time? Will they continue to be puzzed solving text or text/graphic games, albeit with bigger and better parsers and storylines? Will come stack over? Or will there be a shift towards the role playing games, which can still include quests to be solved but shift the emphasis more towards strategy?

Already there are three excellent roleplaying systems round - Uluma, Alternate Reality and Bard's Tale. Once the basic format has been established, extra modules can be added so that you can end up with one large story or several closely related ones.

surjor seteral toxey reaser ores. Personals; I am beginning to prefer the role-playing games and think that they will slowly take over from the traditional game. But, if you com't want to see them in this but, if you com't want to see them in this time. But, if you com't want to see them in this predominates with sceneric factor, detection predominates with sceneric factor, detection and other subjects all being left for behind in this what you want to see or are you field up with the same old iden?

# The Guild of Thieves

This is the second release from Magnetic Scrolls, following on from their very successful Pawn. The storyline is almost a return to the very early days of adventures, being no more than a treasure hunt, but there the similanties.

end free has not entirely usern legisted in Kerbman but it is all corrolled by the Guild This body was the idea of a perfair corrupt judge whose sentening guidelines depended lastiges on how ugsly ou were and how big a beachingfur you had slipped him. The main trouble with the Guild was the problems encountered in recruting new members. As the initiation receiventy involvably involved they and it is between.

As an experiment, it was decided to



introduce a practical test instead A master their cases a joint in order to discover exactly what treasures are dotted around the place. This serves two purposes Firstly, the Guild can assess your potential and secondly, they can also make sure that you don't accidentally pocket any goodles without paying the appropriate dues.

So you find yourself in a small boat outside a large well guarded mansion complete with regulation striped tee-shirt, black mask and large sack marked swaig

As well as the mansion to explore, there is a windmil complete with miler trying to sell you a lute, a rat race for you to bet on, a temple, a case system and another somewhat damp undergound complex. The puzzles are both mody and original and the storyteworks a for better than the somewhat displicted Pawn. Should you get totally stuck, there are a series of cyptic, coded hirts inyour free copy of What Burolar magazine.

The MS parser is far and away the best currently available and I felt so confident using it that I actually started to type in complete sentences rather than simple verb/noun

Then there are the graphics. These are large and detailed enough to add considerably to the atmosphere of the game, so much so that my hat is now sporting several sets of teethmarks around the edge as I never thought that I would say that in a review. If you don't want the graphics, you can still play the game as text only, or you can opt for small camess rather than full screen graphics. The Guild of Thieves is an excellent adventure, well worth robbing the piggy bank for In the light of the subject manner this is what you are encouraged to do anyway!



## AT A GLANCE

Title: The Guild of Thieves

Supplier: Rainbird/Magnetic Scrolls, 74 New Oxford St., London WCIA JPS Tel 01-240

8838 Price: £19.95

Graphics: Very well done and adding to the

atmosphere Sound: N/A

Sound: N/A Addictiveness: The midnight oil will definitely

Playability: State of the art adventuring

# done and adding to the

# Ÿ.

#### Stationfall

You might have though that saving a plot the Stellar Patrol doesn't work that way Promotion came quickly though - all the way from Ensign First Class to Deutenant First Class But yor current operation however shit

You have to hop over to a nearby space station and pick up some from Not just any old forms either but Request for Stellar Patroll issue Regulation Black Form Binders Request Forms. The Patrol seems to three on bureaucracy rather than adventure. You go to sign for your craft and robot (in triplicate of course) and your eyes light up as you recognise an old firend.

Floyd the robot is the one who assisted you so ably when you saved the planet in Planet all He is delighted to see you again and begs to be picked. How could you possibly refuse?

On arrival at the amport, you are somewhat miffed to find no-one there to greet you. The reason soon becomes obvious once you explore a bit. There is no-one left on the station at all apart from another robot called Plato whom Floyd soon befriends

The only clue you can find is a tape recording in the captain's quarters detailing the armival of an alien spacecraft which in turn seems to colincide with a progressive malfunction of all technical equipment.

Despite their parser beginning to look a little dated, the story is beautifully put together, with Floyd's love of life buobling through at every opportunity. All SF and Planetfall fans will want to rush out and buy this one.

# AT A GLANCE

Title: Stationfall
Supplier: Activision/Infocom, 23 Pond St.
Hampstead, London NW3 2PN Tel 01-43l

Price: £24 99 Graphics: N/A Sound: N/A

Addictiveness: Wonderfully atmospheric Playability: Superbly put together game







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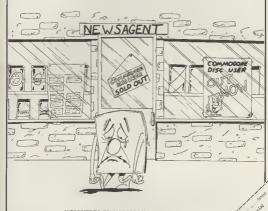
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